

HOUSE MINORITY REPORT BLASTS DRAFT AS
ESTABLISHING TOTAL MILITARY DICTATORSHIP

THE LIFE AND DEATH JOB OF THE NEXT FEW DAYS

IT TYPIFIES a "military dictatorship."

This is how nine members of the House Military Affairs Committee attacked the Burke-Wadsworth Bill in their minority report.

This view of the minority of the Committee, is the view of the MAJORITY throughout the nation.

The life-and-death job of the next few days is to make the majority of the members of the House of Representatives recognize that they must vote in conformity with the wishes of the people at home—if they have any hope of returning to Washington after election.

The demonstration called by the Communist Party for Wednesday afternoon at 5:30 in Union Square should be attended by everyone who understands what the Burke-Wadsworth Bill means for the future of America. Such demonstrations are often the best language with which to talk to members of Congress.

A telegram, a letter or the sending of a delegation to your Congressman, may make the difference between the passage and defeat of this bill of war and fascism.

Act NOW. Get your friends, acquaintances and organizations to communicate with their Congressmen too.

John L. Lewis' words "It will not come to pass" express not merely a hope—but the possibility of defeating the bill and a determination to bring about that defeat.

Fight
Looms in
Congress
Against BillEight Military Affairs
Committee Members
Oppose Measure

By Adam Lapin

(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)
WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Eight members of the House Military Affairs Committee today fired the first barrage in what is expected to develop into a hard-fought, last-ditch campaign against passage of the Burke-Wadsworth bill in the lower chamber.

In a minority report, the eight Congressmen warned that a peacetime draft "will lead ultimately to the destruction of the American form of government in a totalitarian, military economy."

Signers of the minority report were Reps. C. Arthur Anderson, D., Missouri; L. C. Aarons, R., Illinois; Joseph W. Byrnes, D., Tennessee; Dewey Short, R., Missouri; Paul W. Shafer, R., Michigan; Thomas E. Martin, R., Iowa; Charles H. Euston, R., Ohio, and Forest A. Harness, R., Indiana.

All but one of the eight Congressmen represent a Midwestern district—which again reflects the powerful anti-war sentiment of the people in the great Midwestern states.

Release of the minority report revealed that there was a 16 to 8 division on the committee. The vote to report the bill out yesterday was 20 to 4, but it was explained that 4 opponents of the bill who joined the majority on this vote did so simply because they thought the House should have an opportunity to discuss the measure and not because they supported it.

The large vote against the bill in committee was considered extremely significant because the Military Affairs Committee is not noted for a high percentage of progressive or pro-labor Congressmen and because more than other Congressional committees it is under the influence of War Department brass hats.

HOPEFUL SIGN

Thus the 16 to 8 vote in the Military Affairs Committee was a hopeful sign that the foes of the draft bill will be able to rally unexpected strength in the House against the bi-partisan steamroller of Democrats and Republicans, which is attempting to rush the bill through by the end of next week.

"Conscription of manpower will be merely a first step," the minority report said. "Proposals for total conscription of wealth and productive facilities will follow inevitably."

"In fact, the groundwork for a totalitarian military economy has already been very largely completed. The Senate has already voted to conscript industry in time of peace."

"We have become accustomed to the growing usage of the term 'total defense' without realizing its full implications. 'Total defense' can have only one logical final meaning. It means the use of our entire manpower and our entire economy, under an arbitrary centralized control, for the primary if not the sole purpose of establishing a military machine."

"Under authorizations already extended to the executive, that machine will be immense. Under the mounting pressure which might well follow, it will be difficult to resist further authorizations—if the executive is then still observing the formality of asking Congressional authority."

"The minority holds, therefore, that this proposal, and other inevitably to follow, to conscript manpower, conscript the farmers, conscript industry, conscript labor to run industry and conscript the wealth of the nation is not only unnecessary at this time to the adequate defense of the country, but that it is a distinct and dangerous departure which will lead ultimately to the destruction of the American form of government."

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Opens Today
In Chicago's
Huge StadiumMass Rally Tonight to
Hear Marcantonio;
Robeson to Sing

By Art Shields

(Daily Worker Staff Correspondent)

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—The voice of America will be raised against war and militarism at the greatest peace conference in American history, which opens at Chicago Stadium at noon tomorrow.

Many thousands of delegates and many thousands of visitors will be present at the Emergency Peace Mobilization from almost every state in the Union.

Meeting from Saturday till early Monday afternoon the peace delegates will lay plans for effectively continuing the fight for peace when they return to their homes. Delegates will be met by a delegation of the Emergency Peace Mobilization from almost every state in the Union.

Permanent Peace
Group to Be Set Up

(Special to the Daily Worker)

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 30.—The Rev. John B. Thompson, of Norman, Okla., temporary chairman of the Emergency Peace Mobilization Conference opening at Chicago Stadium at noon tomorrow, told a press conference today that he expected that the delegates would set up a permanent organization to help keep America out of war.

"The ten thousand or more rank and file people attending this conference from every part of the country are showing such a strong will for peace that they will insist on continuing the movement against war when they return to their homes," said Rev. Thompson.

nate plans for continuing the fight for peace in an organized way will be made, delegates said.

Thousands of Chicagoans and delegates are expected to pack the huge Chicago stadium tomorrow night to hear Rep. Nino Marcantonio and Dr. Francis Townsend, leader of the old-age pension movement. Paul Robeson, world-famous Negro singer, will lead a chorus of 200 voices in the "Ballad for Americans" at the giant peace rally.

Huge peace slogans—the handwork of the artists union—hang around the great Chicago auditorium, telling the people to "Keep America Out of the War," to "Defend America by Protecting Civil Liberties" and calling for "a job not a gun."

KEYNOTE SPEECH

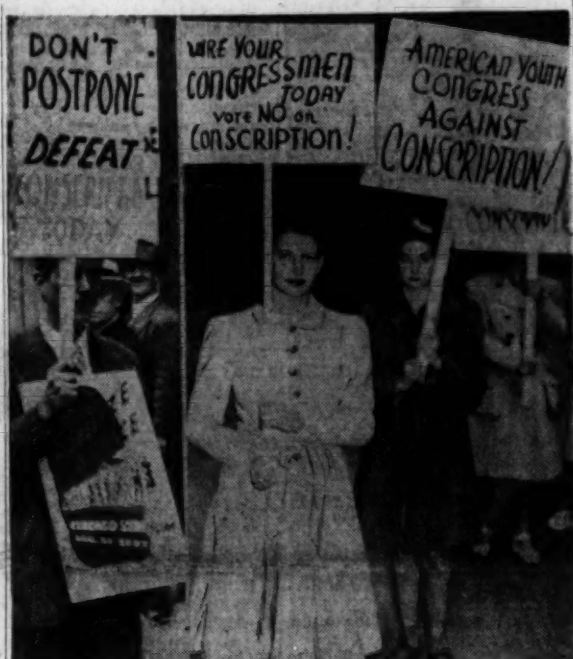
And the slogan "Mobilize for Peace," will face the delegates in ten foot high letters rising from the platform.

Delegates arriving for the great conference say that they will profit from the lessons of the vigorous People's Council of World War No. 1, which failed to lay solid plans for the future at its Chicago meeting in September 1917.

The keynote speech, which will indicate the direction the conference plans will probably take, will be made a few minutes after the conference opens by the Rev. John B. Thompson of Norman, Oklahoma, chairman of the Committee to De-mobilize America by Keeping Out of War (otherwise known as the Emergency Peace Mobilization).

had Rev. Thompson, who expresses militant-war sentiments of the A. R. P. people of the western claimed a vital force in the fight against Marcantonio, Representative day night.

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Chicago Students Oppose Draft: Group of youths from the University of Chicago show what they think of the Burke-Wadsworth Conscription Bill as they picket to urge citizens not to stop the bill. At left, a boy student marches with his placard. A group of girls are at the right.

Attorney Gen'l Upholds
C. P. Ballot in KentuckyQuotes Kentucky Constitution in Decision, Says
C. P. Met All Requirements to Appear
on Ballot

(Special to the Daily Worker)

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 30.—The right of the Communist Party to appear on the ballot in Kentucky was upheld today by Attorney General Hubert Meredith.

The Attorney General informed Secretary of State George G. Hatcher to place the names of all minority parties on the ballot.

He further informed the Secretary of State that the Communist Party had complied with all requirements, and declared:

"I do not personally agree with their doctrines or theories of government—but when their membership constitute a majority they may deal with the government as they desire."

The Attorney General quoted a section of the Kentucky constitution giving the people "at all times an inalienable right to alter, reform or abolish their government in such manner as they deem proper."

Mexico C. P. Exposes Use of
Trotzky Slaying by Reaction

By Alfred Miller

(Special to the Daily Worker)

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 30.—In answer to the attacks of reactionaries here against the Communist Party, which have sprung up following the assassination of Leon Trotsky last week, the Communist Party of Mexico, over the signature of the Political Bureau of its Central Committee, has issued an important statement.

Made public today, the statement sharply exposes the duplicity of those reactionaries of every brand who seek to make political capital out of the assassination of Trotsky, and declares that Communist teachings and the Communist Party are resolutely opposed to individual terror and assassination.

The statement follows: "Because of the assassination of Trotsky, all the enemies of the revolutionary movement in Mexico have developed an intensive campaign against it, inventing all imaginable stories, with the deliberate intention of throwing mud on the Communist International, on the USSR, and on the great working class leader, Stalin."

INVOLVES DIES

"At the same time, the Dies Committee in the United States, together with the so-called 'secretaries' of Trotsky and his lawyer, with the aid of the press of both countries, are trying to involve in this case all those who in any way have repudiated Trotskyism, repudiated it for its well-authenticated counter-revolutionary character, ill-

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Amter Asks Big
'Stop Draft'
DemonstrationStill Can Be Stopped, He
Says, Urging Support
for Wed. Meeting

"There is still time to stop conscription," Israel Amter, Chairman of the New York State Election Campaign Committee, Communist Party, and candidate for the U. S. Senate, declared yesterday during an interview at which he added that steps have already been taken to obtain Union Square for a huge anti-conscription demonstration Wednesday at 5 P. M.

"It is obvious," he stated, "that the administration is worried by the protests which have been flooding Washington against peacetime conscription for war. This is why the bill was rushed with such frantic speed through the Senate. The plan of the administration is to attempt to rush it through the House in the hope that the people will not act in time against this Hitler-like attack on their liberties."

Amter spoke of the immediate need for immense public pressure to prevent enactment of the conscription bill in the House.

Pointing out that the people are still in a position to hurl a mighty wave of opposition to the conscription bill, Amter appealed to all freedom-loving Americans in Greater New York to pack Union Square solidly this Wednesday at 5 P. M. to let Washington know they will not accept militarism and fascism.

"We are issuing two hundred thousand leaflets calling upon the people in New York to come to this demonstration," he stated.

"I appeal to everyone to come to this historically significant rally for the defense of our peace and our very freedom. I appeal to everyone to bring his or her shopmates, friends and neighbors to this demonstration. Let Washington know that the people mean business, that they will not accept the yoke of militarism, fascism and war."

Besides Amter, speakers at the demonstration will include three veterans of the last imperialist world war, James W. Ford, Communist candidate for Vice-President, Paul Crobie, candidate for Congress in the 2nd Congressional District, Queens, and Peter V. Cacchione, candidate for the New York City Council in the special Brooklyn elections. Also, Sadie Van Veen, candidate for the State Senate in the Manhattan 14th Senatorial District, and Patrick Toohy, member of the National Committee Communist Party, U. S. A.

The demonstration at Union Square Wednesday will start at 5 P. M. Addresses of the speakers will be amplified over a system of loud speakers.

Japanese Bombers Ruin
American Church
In Suchow

CHUNGKING, China, Aug. 30 (UP).—Japanese bombing planes demolished the American Church at Shichow, in Kwangtung Province, in a raid yesterday, Chinese news agency dispatches said today. The American flag was painted on the church roof, it was said.

New Floods
In N. Carolina,
State Acts

RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 30 (UP).—The State Highway Department tonight rushed all available men and equipment into Western North Carolina where the second flood in three weeks threatened to close roads leading to New Found Gap.

President Roosevelt plans to speak at New Found Gap, on the Tennessee-North Carolina state line, Monday, when he dedicates the Great Smoky Mountain National Park.



FRANK INGRAM

Jobless Parley
Rejects Both
Old PartiesWill Only Back Peace
Advocates at Polls;
Scores Draft

(Special to the Daily Worker)

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 30.—America's organized unemployed led by the Workers Alliance will not support for a third term Franklin D. Roosevelt who now wants to give "the forgotten man" bullets for bread.

Neither will they support Wendell L. Willkie who was characterized by state organizer John Gabriel Salts, of Minnesota, as "the barefooted boy of Wall Street," at the final day's session of the Fifth National Convention of the Alliance today.

Completely repudiating its previous endorsement of Roosevelt, the Alliance in convention gave its National Executive Board power to endorse a third party of the people if such a party arises. Otherwise, the organization will cooperate with Labor's Non-Partisan League upon the election of proven liberals "in line with the recent declaration of CIO President John L. Lewis."

The convention also empowered the Executive Board to act on the question of presidential candidates in the spirit of this resolution, taking into consideration developments as they unfold from now until election day.

DRAFT BRANDED FASCIST

In a stirring resolution on peace offered by State Secretary Vinal Mitchell, of Minnesota, the convention voted to "campaign and organize the unemployed to keep America out of war" and to "defeat in the coming elections any candidate who supports war or conscription in any form."

"We brand the Burke-Wadsworth Bill a direct step toward war and fascism in America," the resolution declared.

National Secretary Frank Ingram defined national defense in his report delivered late yesterday. The Alliance program for national defense, he said, is:

1.—For peace, against any in-

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1,000 German Planes
Swarm Over LondonBritish Air Force Retaliates With Heavy Attacks
on Nazi Industrial Centers; Krupp
Works Is Bombed

LONDON, Aug. 30 (UP).—Germany today hurled more than 1,000 planes against the London area where four air raid warnings wailed and fierce air battles were fought above the metropolis itself, with Nazi planes falling into the suburbs in flames. Tonight, during the fourth air raid alarm in nine hours, three waves of German bombers swept over the London area.

Three of the raiders were brought down in the London area as swarms of British and German planes battled over the area surrounding the defense-walled capital. It was authoritatively stated that 42 German planes were shot down against the loss of 30 British planes.

The German planes fought the Spitfires so high above the earth that they scarcely could be seen, and only the burst of anti-aircraft shells, the rattle of machine gun fire and the streaks of smoke from airplanes exhausts told of the progress of the fight.

BOMB KRUPP WORKS

The first air raid warning sounded in London at 11:30 A. M. and was followed by two others during the afternoon, the third ending at 5:30 P. M. London traffic continued through all three alarms and few citizens took to the shelters.

The Germans began coming over in waves during the morning, smashing at the coastal defenses. British fighters waiting above the clouds and a ring of anti-aircraft batteries on the ground roared into action breaking up the mass formations a short distance inland. The British were not able, however, to bring down a single German plane.

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Soviet Builds
New Power Line
On Isthmus

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Aug. 30.—Work on the construction of a new tension transmission line is now in full swing on the Karelian Isthmus. The transmission line, 157 kilometers long, will extend from Rauhala Hydroelectric station to Leningrad.

The District of Rauhala Hydroelectric station passed over to the Soviet Union under the peace treaty between the U. S. S. R. and Finland. This station supplies power to Vyborg and nearby districts of the Karelian Isthmus.

Surplus power is to be made available to Leningrad industry. The line is laid through dense forests, tall cliffs, swamps, sands and boulders. All explorations were accomplished in an extremely brief period. The high tempo of this work ensures that construction will be completed by the beginning of October.

One Year of Imperialist Slaughter

Tomorrow marks one year since the outbreak of the imperialist war, a war that has brought hunger, suffering and death for millions of people of Europe.

Tomorrow's Sunday Worker, an enlarged 16-page edition, will devote special articles to the war and HOW TO KEEP AMERICA OUT.

Place your order with your newsdealer now for tomorrow's

SUNDAY WOKKER

Weather

Local: Showers; not much change in temperature; moderate south-east to south winds.
Eastern New York and New Jersey: Showers; not much change in temperature.

USSR Protests Rumanian Troops' Border Violations

Warns of Grave Nature of Repeated Attacks on Soviet Frontier

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Aug. 30. — An exchange of notes between the government of the Soviet Union and the government of Rumania has taken place within the past few weeks, it is revealed here today, in an effort to eliminate peacefully provocations growing out of violations of Soviet frontiers by Rumanian soldiers and warplanes.

The exchange began on Aug. 19, when V. G. Dekanov, Assistant Peoples Commissar of Foreign Affairs of the Soviet Union, handed a note to Grigore Gafencu, Rumanian Minister in Moscow.

The note pointed out the inadmissibility of a repetition of firing on Soviet border guard units by Rumanian army units, to which the Soviet border guards in separate cases were compelled to reply by fire.

On Aug. 29, Vice-Commissar Dekanov summoned the Rumanian Minister, Gafencu, and again handed him a note of protest against the new hostile actions of Rumanian frontier and army units on the Soviet frontier, as well as against a number of cases of violation of the Soviet frontier by Rumanian war planes.

PROTEST NOTE

The Soviet note of Aug. 29 states that it is true there are not as yet any victims on the Soviet side, but if there should be victims the affair may assume a grave character. The Soviet Government placed full responsibility on the Rumanian Government for possible consequences of the above-mentioned actions by Rumanian army units and war-planes.

In the conversation the Rumanian Minister Gafencu conveyed to Vice-Commissar Dekanov the note of the Rumanian Government of Aug. 26, in reply to the note of the Government of the USSR of Aug. 19. In its note, the Rumanian Government, while disputing the facts of firing from the Rumanian side, pointed out in the Soviet note, declares that it has given repeated instructions to Rumanian frontier troops to evade by all means all sorts of incidents which may disturb good-neighborly relations between the two countries.

Furthermore Gafencu stated that cases of firing upon Rumanian frontier detachments and the crossing of the border by Soviet planes allegedly took place.

Dekanov declared that the information submitted by Gafencu will be investigated and confirmed the necessity of the receipt by the Soviet Government of an early and satisfactory reply to the repeated protests made by the Soviet Government today, since despite the note of the Rumanian Government of Aug. 26, violations of the Soviet frontier by Rumanian army units continue up to the present day.

Six Canadian Mayors Invited to U. S. Conference

TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 30 (UP). — Six Canadian mayors have been invited to join United States municipal leaders in New York on Sept. 18 to discuss the part which municipalities can play in any joint defense scheme it was disclosed today. The invitations were issued at the suggestions of Mayor F. H. LaGuardia of New York, officials said. They went to the Mayors of Toronto, Halifax, Quebec, Winnipeg, Ottawa and Vancouver.

USSR to Mark Sept. 1 as International Youth Day

YCL Organ Says Slavery, Humiliation and Death in War Is Youth's Lot Under Capitalism; Election to Be Held by Soviet YCL

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Aug. 30. — On the eve of International Youth Day, Komsomolskaya Pravda, official organ of the Young Communist League, writes editorially:

"On September first the whole youth of the Socialist country will celebrate the Twenty-sixth International Youth Day. On this militant revolution-

Thousands New Students Attend in W. Ukraine

MOSCOW, Aug. 30. — Seven hundred and fifty new students were enrolled this semester in Lvov University in the Western Ukraine it was announced here today. Fifty per cent of those enrolled were workers or the children of workers and peasants.

There were 551 elementary, 222 junior high schools, and 43 high schools in the Lvov principality prior to the coming of the Red Army. Commencing with the new school year on September 2, there are 714 elementary, 438 junior high schools, and 77 secondary schools. Instead of the former 153,000 pupils attending Lvov schools, 230,000 will now attend.

USSR Submits 20 New Aviation Records

MOSCOW, Aug. 30 (UP). — Komsomolskaya Pravda, organ of the Young Communists, said today that 20 new Soviet aviation records have been submitted for registration to the International Aviation Federation at Paris. They include a multimotored amphibian altitude record of 30,000 feet and a rubber band motored model plane developing 69 miles per hour at starting speed.

Report 27 Killed in Collapse of Dutch Bridge

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 30 (UP). — Twenty-seven persons were believed killed today and 20 injured when a bridge which engineers were repairing collapsed near Zaltbommel, 14 miles from Hertogenbosch.

The bridge had been damaged by an explosion set by Dutch troops at the time of Germany's invasion of the Netherlands. At the time of its collapse today engineers and workers, on a barge beneath it, were making repairs.

Some time after the collapse several persons still were listed as missing.

Bermuda Seizes Three on U. S. Ship

HAMILTON, Bermuda, Aug. 30. — One German and two Italian men of military age were removed from the American Export liner Eschschords and interned here yesterday. They were passengers aboard the ship, which is due in New York from Lisbon tomorrow.

Syria Curbs Meat Sales

DAMASCUS, Syria, Aug. 30. — Meat and petroleum sales and use of taxis were cut by half today under new restrictions necessitated by a shortage of supplies.



SEMYON TIMOSHENKO

Red Army in Maneuvers on West Border

Operations Observed by Timoshenko and Gen. Meretskov

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Aug. 30. — Tactical exercises are being held in units of the special western military area in the presence of Marshal of the Soviet Union Semyon Timoshenko, People's Commissar of Defense, it was announced here today.

This year's maneuvers differ sharply from those held in the past, it was revealed, their distinguishing feature being their maximum close approach to actual war conditions.

The men had to march 50 kilometers (approximately 31 miles) before closing with "enemy." Marshal Timoshenko and Army General K. Meretskov, Chief of the General Staff of the Red Army, are observing the development of operations closely.

The national Youth Day coincides with the beginning of elections of the leading organs of the Young Communist League. The best, tested comrades must come to leadership of Young Communist League organs. Young cadres, particularly girls, must be boldly advanced. Leading work must be entrusted to such comrades, who will multiply the victories of the Y.C.L., will efficiently rally around them all young people and be able to devote themselves selflessly to the struggle for the great Communist cause."

Mexico C. P. Exposes Use of Trotsky Slaying by Reaction

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concealed by its ultra-"left" attitude.

"Even though the immense majority of the organized working class rejects this propaganda, the insidious campaign appears to have impressed the police circles of this city, inducing them to convert the Trotsky case into a political trial directed against the Soviet Union."

"The Communist Party of Mexico indignantly rejects this ridiculous interpretation of the case."

"Because of its traditions, because of the principles of the great teachers, Marx, Engels and Lenin, and of the Communist International, the Mexican Party has consistently opposed all methods involving individual terror and assassination."

"In this case, in which sinister forces are conspiring against Revolutionary Mexico, it is not surprising that our Party should be the object of all kinds of provocations, excuses being sought thereby which would justify all kinds of repression against it. The Communist Party has the most absolute confidence in the working class and in the class-conscious peasants, and in all the progressive people of our country, who, taking into account all of these efforts to obscure plots against our country, will repudiate all the vile lies and all the false versions of the case concocted against the Communist Party, and will hasten to defend their organizations of struggle, above all, their revolutionary Party."

1,000 Nazi Planes Swarm Over London

British Planes Blast German Industries, Bomb Krupp

(Continued from Page 1)

over, to keep many of the raiders from roaring on toward London, where other defense planes waited.

The German planes came over in squadrons of about 100, including both bombers and fighters. Four separate waves swept over the southeast coast just before mid-afternoon and headed toward London.

Each time, heavy squadrons of British fighting aircraft attacked the German planes and scattered their formations.

Despite large-scale activity in the air, few bombs were dropped. The Air Ministry reported, meanwhile, that British bombers heavily bombed Germany's great Krupp armaments works during widespread night raids in which various military objectives in Holland, France and Germany were attacked.

Nazi airdromes in Holland were raked with bombs, the Air Ministry said, while other British squadrons attacked oil refineries and plants at Gelsenkirchen, Rotterdam and St. Nazaire, power stations at Dusseldorf and Reisholz, various objectives in the Ruhr, and goods yards at Hamm. Shipping and convoys along the Dutch coast also were bombed.

NAZIS CONCENTRATE ON AIR FIELDS

BERLIN, Aug. 30 (UP). — German planes under orders to smash Britain's air power and clear the way for mass assaults on the British Isles today bombed a "white row of British airfields," including the great Farnborough base near Aldershot, military quarters reported.

The German air force, according to these sources, extended its intense raids on Britain into Hampshire, and during the day destroyed 80 British planes. The loss of 21 Nazi planes was admitted.

German quarters said that air battles extended far over the English Channel as the bombers struck at Hampshire, which is near the Isle of Wight and includes Portsmouth, Southampton, the Solent and other important objectives.

The German raiders were striking at British air fields and attempting to destroy British planes on the ground, the German sources said.

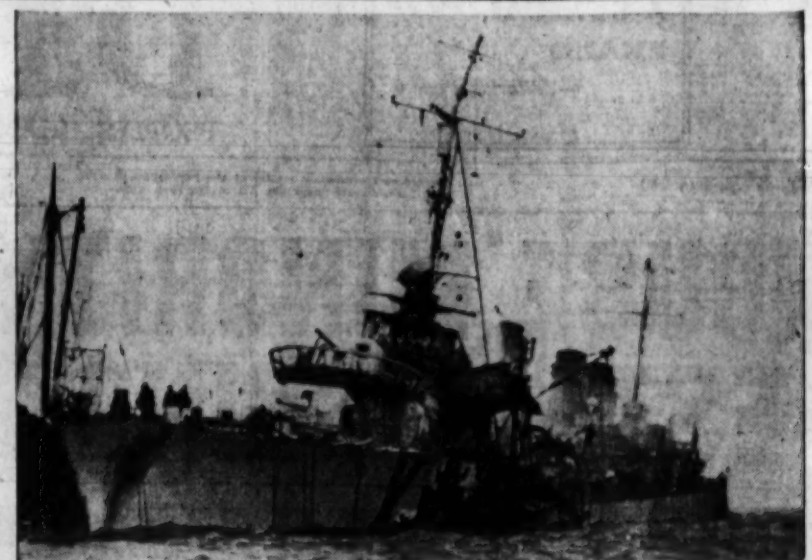
RESUME DAY ATTACKS

Berlin reports indicated that daylight air attacks on Britain had been resumed on an important scale after a week of night attacks.

A great number of air battles developed, the official DNB news agency said, in the area between Dover and Eastbourne. The fights were at great altitude and individual combats lasted as long as five or ten minutes.

DNB reported that lifeboats sped out from both sides of the Channel coast in order to help the crews of many planes which fell into the Channel. One German lifeboat was reported to have saved three English and two German pilots.

The High Command reported that a German submarine returning to its base had reported the sinking of three enemy merchant ships totalling 21,000 tons from a strongly protected convoy. The attack on the convoy was said to have occurred at night.



Destroyed French Destroyer: The Malle Breze, which was wrecked by an explosion last April with heavy loss of lives, photographed just before she sank. The news of her loss was kept secret until recently.

House Minority Report Blasts Draft As Setting Up Military Dictatorship

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government in a totalitarian military economy."

Meanwhile, the powerful House Rules Committee unanimously and promptly granted a rule which will bring the conscription bill before the House for debate on Tuesday.

The Rules Committee which acted on the conscription bill in a single day kept the Wage-Hour bill bottled up in committee for more than a year.

The rule granted by the committee provides for only two days general debate on the far-reaching draft measure to be followed by consideration of amendments which House leaders also hope to conclude in two days.

Both Republican and Democratic leaders in the House are working together in this attempt to steamroller the Wadsworth bill through by next Friday—in one week from today.

Chairman Andrew J. May, chairman of the Military Affairs Committee, told an open hearing of the Rules Committee that he considers the House bill a better bill than that passed by the Senate because it permits a "wider selection of manpower."

The House bill provides for the registration and training of men between the ages of 21 to 45 while the Senate bill includes men between 21 and 31.

May estimated that the House version will provide for registration of 24,000,000 men as against 12,000,000 in the Senate bill.

Rep. E. E. Cox, of Georgia, dictator of the Rules Committee and leader of the tory Southern bloc in the House, complained of the "evidence of timidity" shown by sponsors of the bill.

Cox expressed himself in favor of compulsory military training for all young men with no deferments or exemptions of any sort, and criticized the House bill for not going far enough.

May agreed with Cox but pointed out that he had to make compromises to get any legislation, and Cox later agreed that the House committee had done a "fine job."

In arguing for an even more sweeping bill, Cox indulged in some Negro, Jew and alien-baiting almost unprecedented before a Congressional committee.

"I want to have a bill that will make Antonio, Sambo and Kike go to war the same as Old Bill, Tom and Jim," Cox declared. After some discussion the Rules Committee agreed to a rule which

would make the Russell amendment bill by the administration. It is obvious that the President and his advisers are contemplating no drastic steps against big business.

But the amendment has now become a handy political issue, with the Democrats coming forward as the exponents of soaking the war profiteers and Wendell Willkie charging that the Russell amendment, but not the draft bill which Willkie supported, will lead straight to fascism.

Senator Richard Russell of Georgia, reactionary Democrat who sponsored the amendment, came back this afternoon with a speech attacking Willkie.

In all the shouting about the Russell amendment, both parties will apparently try to conceal the fact that the war profiteers are cleaning up on the armaments program and that nobody in official Washington is doing anything to stop it.

War Dept. Orders 20,000 More Plane Engines

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30 (UP). — The War Department today concluded an agreement with Wright Aeronautical Corp. for the manufacture of 20,000 airplane engines to speed the rearmament program. This raised to 37,000 the total number of engines arranged for by the Army and Navy within two days.

The United Aircraft Corp. agreed yesterday to manufacture 17,000 Pratt-Whitney engines.

The War Department also announced today that the Curtiss-Wright Corp. had agreed to manufacture 14,000 propellers for planes. The engines ordered today and yesterday should, officials said, meet the joint requirements of the Army and Navy for the years 1941 and 1942. The length of time required for completion of the two huge orders was not estimated, but officials said production would be expedited to the utmost.

Air Instructor Killed

VISCHER FERRY, N. Y., Aug. 30. — Edward Petregal, an instructor, was killed and William Emory, Louisville student pilot, was injured when their airplane crashed here today.

4 Badly Hurt in Staten Island Ferry Crash

Crossing in the dense fog from St. George, S. I., to the Battery, the Dollar Line tanker Mongolia rammed the city ferryboat Miss New York late yesterday, seriously injuring four persons and badly shaking up and bruising 20 to 30 others.

The damaged craft was so badly hit that for a time it seemed it would sink and all 700 passengers were ordered to put on life preservers by Capt. Broadhead, master of the ferry. More than 60 feet of the ferry's superstructure was torn away.

The tug "Dazelline" answered the ferry's distress signal and took off the most seriously injured passengers. They were rushed to the hospital as soon as they reached shore.

The ferry finally reached the Battery under its own power.

Nazis Sentence Three Norwegians to Death

OSLO, Norway, Aug. 30 (UP). — A war tribunal has sentenced to death Norwegian Colonel Lund and two companions on charges of espionage at Bergen. Another Norwegian was sentenced to serve five years in prison. Two others were acquitted.

The UNDERGROUND STREAM

By
ALBERT MALTZ

SYNOPSIS

"Betsy has roused the Carmichael, Will, his father Clarence, to help find Princey, her husband, Communist organizer in Jefferson Motors, who has been kidnapped by plant police under the order of Jeffery Grebb, personnel director of Jefferson. Together they drive back to Betsy's home—but Princey is not there. A moment of agonizing dread and weakness and then Betsy regains control of herself. Consciously she is calm as she returns to the car. They drive to Ben Silvermouth, a Negro comrade, in order to find Ambrose Bishop who drove Princey from the unit meeting. Clarence does not sit down when they are in Ben's home and as they leave to find Ambrose Will asks him why he didn't. He accuses his father, whom he loves deeply, of white chauvinism. His father hotly denies it, but insists that Negroes are different from whites."

Will glanced back at Betsy again. "Keep your voice down," he said. "Jesus, Pa, just stop and think over what you said now. You claim you ain't going to discriminate against Negroes, but in the next breath you say black and white are fundamentally different. Don't you see that's the whole basis of discrimination?"

ination? You're talking like a white Southern boss."

"I ain't neither," the old man retorted, trembling with resentment.

"Did you ever know a straight-shootin' guy than Ben Silvermouth? He's accomplishing things in unemployed work you and I wouldn't be capable of."

"I ain't saying he ain't. Ben's smart. He's all right. But I just know that if you ask me to sit down with him at table or live in the same house, I'll just feel damn uncomfortable, that's all. I can't help my feelings."

"What do you mean you can't help your feelings? Will was becoming belligerent. "Sure you can help your feelings! When anybody gets a new idea, it changes their feelings, don't it? That's what being educated in the Party means! If you felt good and ashamed of yourself, like you ought to, you'd start to feel different all right."

"I guess I'm too old for that kind of education," his father muttered. "It ain't a question of logic."

"My God!" Will continued bitterly, "your feelings! Your feelings smell to me like plain, ordinary Jim Crow feelings, that's all. How are you any different from the men who kick a Negro out of their railroad car? They

say: 'Sure, maybe he has more brains than we have, but he's black and we're white,' they say, and the two is fundamentally different. Just like you're talking about Ben!"

"That ain't so," Clarence replied, trembling. "Now you're putting things into my mouth, God damn you, Will. I'm ready to fight against Jim Crow any time, you know that! I understand those things. You ain't fair!"

"Then you gotta realize your kind of feelings and our Party don't mix, that's all. Will insisted doggedly. "What do you suppose would happen if Turner knew you felt this way?"

"Who says he has to know? If I got any thoughts I ain't supposed to have, I can keep them to myself."

"Thoughts? You mean prejudices."

"All right, prejudices then."

"But you won't change them, will you, even if you know how wrong they are?"

"I'm an old man, I don't change so easy."

"There are plenty of Party members as old as you are."

"Oh, let's drop it," Clarence begged. "I've had enough."

Betsy called suddenly: "Will?" He turned anxiously, peering at her, afraid that she had heard something. She had not. She had

called to him out of her own thought, as though she were merely pursuing a conversation they had already begun. "Will, why don't you and Cele have a baby?"

Color flooded into his pudgy face. "Didn't you know?" he asked.

"What?"

"Cele was pregnant this fall. She had a miscarriage."

"Oh! . . . She didn't tell me."

"She didn't feel like telling anybody, I guess. It's the second time."

"You going to try again?"

"We have to wait a little." "Princey and I have been waiting to save money. . . . But I've changed my mind—I want one now." As abruptly as she had spoken, she fell silent again.

Clarence coughed, "I guess it's the right house."

The Silvermouths were gesturing to them from the front door. They got out of the car and went up the slippery wooden steps.

"This is it," he said, "but Ambrose ain't home!" He looked troubled.

"Where is he?" asked Betsy calmly.

"I went up to his room."

They were silent. Could both have been kidding? The thought was in each one's mind, but it went unexpressed. They went inside.

The landlady came in. She was an unusually tall, scrawny mulatto woman of fifty with a severe face. Ben made the introductions with stiff formality. The landlady acknowledged each one in turn by a slight compression of her lips. She looked sullen, unfriendly. She stood with her arms folded across her chest, making no move to invite them out of the hallway. Her obvious intention was to get rid of them as soon as she could.

"Hattie, you don't happen to know where Bishop might be?" Ben inquired.

The reply was icy: "Suttinly not!"

"We need to find him, Hattie."

"Mr. Bishop a good friend of yours, Ben?" She eyed him closely.

"Yes."

"We need to find him awfully bad, Hattie."

"You don't think I keep track of him?"

Silence again. Then, "Since when you took up with Ambrose Bishop, Ben?"

"I know him for about six months."

"Why?"

Again, mute contempt. Silvermouth felt bewildered. The landlady had never been unfriendly to him before. He wondered if her political had changed. Or would it be due to the presence of white people?

"Mrs. Rivers . . ." Betsy took a step forward. "We're here because of me. My husband didn't come home tonight, and we're afraid something has happened to him. We think Mr. Bishop may know."

Slowly: "How he know?"

"They were together tonight."

"Drinking? Shooting crap?" The landlady was openly contemptuous.

"No, at a meeting."

She looked from one face to the other. "What kind of a meeting?"

"For goodness' sake, Hattie, Ben burst out, "you don't have to be so suspicious. These people are Communists too. They're in the same organization with me."

"Oh," the landlady exclaimed, "why didn't you tell me?" She was obviously beginning to thaw. Suddenly her face became severe

again: "Is Ambrose Bishop in your Party?"

"Yes, sure. We're all together."

"Oh!"

"What's the matter?"

"Nothin'!"

"Sure there is, Hattie, you talk frank now! Has somebody been turnin' you against us?"

"No."

"What then?"

"If you want to know so bad—I don't like people who pretend to me. If this here Party is so all-fired good-like you claim—how come you let a man like Ambrose Bishop into it?"

There was a moment of pause. Quietly Ben asked: "Why, Hattie?"

"Why?" She bristled. "A drunk-en good-for-nothing like him! You ask me why?"

Ben turned to Will Carmichael. "Did you know Ambrose was a drinker?"

"Why, no."

Clarence interrupted. "Why, he ain't. He's a teetotaler. He told me. I offered him a drop tonight, because it was so cold, and he wouldn't touch it."

The landlady burst into scornful laughter. "Excuse me, but you don't know what you're talking about, Mr. Carmichael. That good-for-nothing drink himself to sleep most every night. He

drink all the time."

"You sure?" Ben asked quietly.

"Sure!" She flailed her arms in bitter indignation. "I'm a Christian woman! I don't go making up things! There's bad enough in people as it is! Who know better about Bishop, you or me? Who carry his empty bottles over every morning? You think he wash himself in all that gin?" She stopped, muttering under her breath.

Betsy broke in, speaking out frankly what each was thinking. "Mrs. Rivers, this is terribly important! We're afraid something serious has happened to my husband. And Bishop may be connected with it. We don't drink men into our Party, Mr. Rivers. Bishop lied to us, that's suspicious. We want hear everything you know of him!"

The landlady smiled first time. Quite evident was delighted. "Sure, I come on in, take a chair! led them into the parlor waited with a righteous than-thou smirk on her face were seated.

(To be continued to)

THE UNDERGROUND
Albert Maltz, 348 pp.
published by Little, Br.



DIGGING IN: Drawn from an incident in the 1940 financial campaign of the Communist Party and Daily Worker. The worker told the Party member: "We haven't much but you're welcome to what we've got." His wife smiled in agreement and said: "We can spare it better than peace and freedom."

CIO Union Wins Back Pay for 32 Negroes

Processing Workers Also Force Denver Firm to Reinstatement 3

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30 (FP).—Two important victories for agricultural processing workers have been won by the United Cannery Agricultural Packing & Allied Workers (UCAPAW).

In Memphis the union's action forced the Dixie Pickery to reinstate with \$4,000 back pay 32 Negroes who were fired after they refused to sign affidavits waiving back pay claims due them under the wage-hour law.

In Denver the NLRB, acting on a UCAPAW complaint, ordered the Great Western Mushroom Co. to reinstate with back pay three workers fired for union activity and to cease unfair labor practices. The firm had claimed exemption from the law.

The board also called upon the company to reimburse two workers who had been evicted from company houses, to repay them the rent paid since their eviction, and to end the no-strike contracts which each worker was forced to sign.

Urges U.S. Act to Save Anti-Nazis From Hitler's Executioners

Spanish Aid Committee Urges Flood of Wires to Capital, Asking Intercession; Prof. Einstein, Others Ask Pan-American Union Action

Declaring that history records "no more dastardly crime" than the arrest in unoccupied France and return to Germany of groups of anti-Nazi Germans, among whom are included many who fought in the Spanish Republican Army as members of the International Brigade, the United American Spanish Aid Committee,

a national relief and service organization with offices at 200 Fifth Ave., appealed to the American people today to act swiftly to save the lives of their "brother anti-fascists."

Suggested steps outlined by the committee in a statement issued by Fred Biedenkapp, Executive Secretary, call for sending letters and telegrams to President Roosevelt, Secretary of State Hull, and the American Red Cross, urging protection and intercession with the French and German Governments on behalf of the Spanish refugees and International Brigade members, supplying of ships to transport them to safety, and providing material aid while they are awaiting transportation.

Immediate issuance of visas for

Teamsters Deadlocked On Pact Talks

Union to Strike Tuesday If Bosses Refuse to Meet Demands

Unless the merchant truckmen agree to demands of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters three locals, 807, 816 and 292, 20,000 members of the union will strike Tuesday morning.

After a week of conferences with the employers, representatives of the locals had failed to reach an agreement on the renewal of the contract which expires August 30. The holiday Monday will delay any strike action.

Mayor LaGuardia, leaving summer City Hall last night, indicated that there was some hope of settlement of the dispute before the actual walkout.

"Apparently," he said, "satisfactory progress is being made. I'll keep in touch with the situation over the week-end."

Further conferences of the union officials with the employers were seen possible for today, although representatives of 807 would not say definitely that any would be held.

Meanwhile the National Maritime Union's membership meeting Thursday night at Manhattan Center passed a resolution supporting whatever action the AFL teamsters may take.

It declared that the teamsters are seeking improved conditions from employers who refuse to consider their proposals. It is essential that labor unity be preserved, the resolution said, and placed the seamen on record "for our own protection as well as that of other unions" behind the teamsters.

Albert Einstein and a number of other noted exiles yesterday made public a telegram sent to Dr. Leo Rowe, director general of the Pan American Union.

The telegram was signed by Dr. Einstein, Count Sforza, Jules Romains, Oscar Maria Graf, Jose Bergamin, Henri Bernstein, Maurice Maeterlinck, Ramon Sender and Enriquez Diaz-Caneado. It read:

"We, the undersigned writers, who have found refuge in the new world, join in urging the Pan American Union to exert its influence on behalf of our fellow writers of all nationalities who are interned in France and to invite the interested governments to extend them that haven on this side of the ocean of which we ourselves recognize the fortunate obligation in making this plea."

The committee appealed for contributions for its campaign to save the lives of these fighters for democracy.

PROF. EINSTEIN INTERCEDES

Urging the Pan-American union to exert its influence on behalf of writers in Europe seeking asylum in the Western Hemisphere, Prof. Einstein interceded.

Judge Batchelor dismissed suit brought by Henry A. Huff, chairman, and Elizabeth Boggs, a secretary, of the campaign committee. "We have a right to deal with the auditorium as a real estate firm," C. C. McCullough, assistant corporation counsel, argued. "They can refuse to rent a building even if they don't like the color of the eyes of the prospective lessee."

Expressing sharp disagreement

Paterson Dye Union Negotiating New Pact

Workers Bitter Over Results of Hillman Clique's Maneuvers

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PATERSON, Aug. 30.—New contracts between the employers and Dye Local 1733 were in the process of consummation today, setting working conditions in this center of the industry and out-of-town shops for two years to come.

It is the first time in years, however, that a contract not acceptable to the workers has been put over against their wishes, and so bitter was the rank and file resentment here against acceptance that a secret ballot on a possible walkout was held last Wednesday.

Chief point of contention in the new pact is the shelving of a clause, contained in the old contract which expires tomorrow, which prohibits speedup in the shops. The clause, now dropped through the too-ready acceptance of the Hillman-influenced leaders in the Dye Federation, was known as the "work load" clause, defining the number of workers to be employed on a given job in the various departments of the dye plants.

The capitulatory tactics of the Hillman school of trade unionism was injected in the negotiations between the Dye Federation and the employers by Joseph Knapik, president of the federation, and who headed the negotiating committee.

Knapik, as well as several other key leaders in the federation, including George Baldanzi, executive vice-president of the Textile Workers Union, representing the Dye Federation in the TWUA, carry out the Hillman policies in this affiliate of the textile union.

MODEST DEMANDS

With the exception of the Union City local of dyes, the workers in this year's negotiations were extremely modest in the demands, merely asking for a status quo in the contract provisions on the basic points of hours, wages and general conditions. The Union City local was the only one that demanded a pay increase.

When the tentative agreement, now in the process of being signed, was presented to the Paterson membership, it was emphatically rejected in three different membership meetings. Upon sharp demands of the rank and file for action to retain the "work load" clause, the officials of Local 1733 instituted a poll last Wednesday—but it turned out to be a poll "for" or "against" a strike—instead of an official ballot on acceptance or rejection of the proposed contract.

Thus, the dye workers of Paterson and in other centers start work under a new contract, bearing the imprint of Roosevelt's chief laborer for the "defense" program, Mr. Hillman—a contract under which the employers can now launch a speedup system which the union in the past against fought tooth and nail.

20-Week Old Strike Ends at Canning Co.

A 20-week-old strike against the American Preserve Company, was settled today. The strike was conducted by the Cannery, Preserve and Food Workers of America affiliated with the CIO.

The contract signed is for a period of two years and calls for an 11 cents increase in wages, vacations, a closed shop, time and one-half for overtime and the 40-hour week.

It also provided that if the purchasing power of the dollar should be substantially affected by the declaration of war by the United States, the wage rates may be revised upward every eight months. The contract further provides that employees who are drafted in case of "conscription" shall have cumulative seniority and will be given their jobs back upon return from service.

Judge Upholds Free Speech Ban Against Earl Browder in Seattle

(Special to the Daily Worker)

SEATTLE, Aug. 30.—Refusal of the city council to permit use of the civic auditorium for an address by Earl Browder, Communist presidential nominee, was upheld by Superior Judge Batchelor in a recent show cause hearing brought by officials of the Washington State Communist Party Election Campaign committee.

Judge Batchelor dismissed suit brought by Henry A. Huff, chairman, and Elizabeth Boggs, a secretary, of the campaign committee. "We have a right to deal with the auditorium as a real estate firm," C. C. McCullough, assistant corporation counsel, argued. "They can refuse to rent a building even if they don't like the color of the eyes of the prospective lessee."

Expressing sharp disagreement

with the policies championed by the city council through its attorney, John Caughlan, attorney for petitioners, pointed out: "The state is subject to certain limitations that do not apply to private individuals," Caughlan said. "On the record there is no question but that arbitrary and capricious discrimination was exercised against petitioners."

WANTS BLACKLIST

The sole question before the court is what is the settled policy of city officials in granting or denying use of public buildings? Caughlan declared. "We contend if the auditorium is available for political meetings, the same conditions apply to all persons applying for it."

Refusal was for the primary pur-

3,000 Seamen Back Curran Stand for Peace

Membership Meeting of NMU Gives Unanimous Support to Chicago Mobilization, Criticizes Hillman Activities on Defense Council

Three thousand members of the National Maritime Union at a membership meeting in Manhattan Center Thursday gave unanimous support to the efforts of Joseph Curran, their president and also president of the CIO council, to rally support for the Chicago Emergency Peace Mobilization.

Their action was aimed at a group who signed a letter protesting Curran's appeal for funds for the mobilization. The NMU also passed a resolution criticizing the activities of Sidney Hillman as a member of the Advisory Council for National Defense.

The resolution supporting Curran's peace efforts said:

"Certain individuals in the labor movement and the Wall St. press saw fit to slander Joseph Curran and his efforts in rallying the trade unions in support of the Emergency Peace Mobilization."

"These same individuals and newspapers have been fighting efforts of the CIO to organize the unorganized and improve the conditions of American workers and today show no desire to keep America out of war and protect labor."

"Therefore be it resolved that this meeting pledge full support to Joseph Curran and his efforts to mobilize the unions to keep this country out of war and to protect the trade unions from attacks by the employers and the government."

RESOLUTION ON HILLMAN

The resolution criticizing Hillman said in part: "The same elements who are attempting to cram conscription down our throats in the name of 'National Defense' are at the same time sabotaging any real national defense by refusing to manufacture arms and war materials unless they are guaranteed huge profits, and

"The job of organizing National Defense is the responsibility of the Advisory Council for National Defense, on which labor is represented by Mr. Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, and Vice-President of the CIO."

"The National Maritime Union of America, again protests the attempt to conscript Americans as the first step toward fascism designed to destroy the American Labor Movement by imposing military rule on American workers, and that we vigorously condemn the attempt of Big Business interests to blackmail the government into guaranteeing exorbitant super profits, and be it further

"We call on Mr. Hillman, as Labor Advisor to the Defense Council, to represent Labor in fact as well as in name by giving voice to Labor's opposition to conscription within the Council."

The NMU pulled up 873 votes in the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey NLRB elections for tanker-

Rank & File Dockers Organize For Demands

Red Hook Committee to Present Program to Ryan's Stogie

Red Hook longshoremen, long under the heel of Emilie Camarda, henchman of Joseph P. Ryan, president of the International Longshoremen's Association, are organizing for their own demands which they want included in the coastwise contract, expiring Sept. 30, and the deepwater contract which ends Oct. 30.

For the first time since the slaying of Pete Panto by Brooklyn's waterfront mobsters, the rank and file of six locals of the I.L.A. 338, 327, 1198, 909, 905 and 927, came out into the open at a meeting in Elite Hall Wednesday night.

A committee was elected to present the men's demands to Camarda, but the rank and file leaders refused to name them for fear of gangster reprisals. They will seek a meeting with Ryan's stogie before negotiations with the shipowners are started.

MEN'S DEMANDS

The meeting instructed its committee to demand first of all that Camarda permit working longshoremen to be members of the committee which negotiates with the shipowners.

The demands are: 1. Rotary hiring through the union to prevent discrimination against rank and file movement members and a more equitable distribution of work. 2. The 40-hour week. 3. A drive against the kickback, of which Camarda has been accused. 4. Sling loads of 2,100 pounds maximum. Many men have been killed and injured when slings have been overloaded and collapsed. 5. Twenty-men gangs to prevent speed-up. 6. More frequent membership meetings.

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Single Standard of Milk Goes on Sale Tomorrow

Companies Withhold Announcement of Price; War Orders Used As Alibi to Delay Use on New Protective Caps

Starting tomorrow, all pasteurized milk will be sold as one grade. The inauguration of a single grade milk is an important victory for consumers since it removes the double standard and price of "Grade A" and "Grade B" and sets up a higher minimum health standard and single price for all bottled milk.

To date, however, the large milk companies have not announced the price of single grade milk per quart. Though it meets the requirements of a higher standard, there is absolutely no justification in any price increase, officials of the Milk Consumers Protective Committee, said yesterday. "Grade B" has been selling for eleven cents a quart generally and single grade milk should meet the same price, they added.

The national "defense" program is doing its part in interfering with the health standards set up by the New York Dept. of Health for single grade milk. The requirement of the protective cap has been postponed until January first, because of the pressure of war orders on the machine tool industry. Health authorities state that sanitary sealing is absolutely essential for the single grade but this requirement means little or nothing to the milk companies.

BACTERIA COUNT

The greatest change in the single grade is the reduction of the allowable bacteria count from the present 300,000 for "Grade B" milk to 150,000 per cubic centimeter. However, it is because the bacteria count of "Grade B" met the bacteria requirements of "Grade A" for the past few years, that the double standard is no longer necessary. Ninety per cent of the milk sold on the market has a bacteria count of 100,000 per c.c.

The single grade must have a minimum butterfat content of 3.3. In practice, consumers are getting this butterfat content in "Grade B." The real improvement comes in the protective cap. However, until Jan. 1, only a small protective cap covering the lip of the bottle.

The milk trust tried to prevent the abolition of "Grade A" milk and its added revenue with a campaign of misinformation. Sheffields and Borden will put all kinds of fancy brands on the market in order to hold on to the extra profit from the luxury trade.

The consumer need only to remember that all pasteurized milk, no matter what price, is protected by the same rigid health standards.

Polish Jew Executed By Nazis in France

VICHY, France, Aug. 30 (UP).—German occupation authorities at Bordeaux posted a notice today that Israel Leizer Karp, a Polish Jew, had been shot to death, convicted of "attacking German army bandmen during the raising of the Nazi swastika flag at the St. Jean railroad station on Aug. 24."

It was the first civil execution by the German army in occupied France.

To Test WPA Right to Hold Back Wages

Teachers' Union Institutes Test Suit to Recover Workers' Salary

A test for the recovery of wages is being brought against the Works Projects Administration in the Federal Court of Claims by Ruth Widen, 623 East 14th St., Manhattan. The WPA Teachers' Union, an A. F. of L. affiliate, disclosed today.

Miss Widen, a member of the union who four years ago was suspended from WPA pending investigation of charges of being a Communist, said that her wages for the last two weeks she worked, like those of all other suspended workers on similar charges, had been withheld.

The union's attorney, Archibald Brown, agreed on the illegality of withholding wages from Miss Widen and the others, according to a statement issued by the union.

"From the way this case is being dragged out," the statement said, "we have every reason to believe that the Administration has adopted the tactic of spinning the investigation out indefinitely while the suspended workers starve. The federal government, like other employers, must pay wages for services rendered."

WHOLESALE TERROR

"Colonel Somervell's method of carrying out the WPA Appropriations Act," he said, "goes far beyond not only the spirit but even the letter of the law. He is using the provision against employment of Communists and others to set up a wholesale terror on WPA, and in doing so has cast all pretense of justice and even of decency to the winds."

"Withholding salary for work already performed is a punitive measure applied against people who have merely been accused, and not one of whom has had a hearing. This barrack-minded WPA Administration is already behaving as if he were provost-marshal of a city under martial law. All Americans ought to look on this situation with alarm. It gives an indication of the sort of irresponsible tactics they may expect if the military authorities are given supreme authority over the private lives of citizens."

TO BE PROBED

The Department of Justice has promised, at Senator Wheeler's insistence, to investigate Sir Paish's status in this country, to determine whether or not he is a "foreign agent." A demand has been raised in the Senate for the British propagandist's deportation. It is reported that Sir Paish, commenting on the investigation of the Department of Justice is allegedly carrying on, expressed indifference to the proceedings.

"They are investigating my credentials, not me," he stated.

The British Government has already denied that Sir Paish has any official standing, contending that he is merely "an elderly gentleman."

Senator Wheeler, however, declares, "this propaganda is the type which should be stamped out in the United States whether it is proposed by Germans, Frenchmen, Italians or the English."



Plane for Britain: And more profits to U. S. war profiteers. Lockheed Hudson bombers flying over Burbank, California, in a test flight before delivery to British agents here who will send it to the Royal Air Force.

Coast World War Vets Demand Paish Ouster

Wheeler Denies He 'Misinterpreted' British Agent's Remarks—Department of Justice Promises Probe of His Activities

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 30.—Members of the Veterans of Foreign Wars in convention here have declared that there is "no place in this country" for Sir George Paish, British propagandist who boasts that he will get the United States into the war.

"Thank God for men like Senator Wheeler," said Lieut. Col. Lee A. Stromer, "who have the courage to tell the public the truth about what is being done to draw us into a European war."

Then he added, "There is no place in this country for Sir George Paish."

WHEELER DENIES 'MISINTERPRETATION'

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Senator Burton K. Wheeler flatly denied today that he had "misinterpreted" or "misunderstood" what British propagandist Sir George Paish said about getting the United States into the war.

The British nobleman's remarks were too "plain and simple" to be misconstrued, Senator Wheeler declared.

"It is inconceivable that one could misinterpret such simple language as 'I am the man who got this country into the last war and I am going to get the United States into this war,'" he pointed out.

Then he reiterated: "I did not misinterpret anything that Sir George Paish said to me because there was no chance for misinterpretation—his language was so plain and simple."

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The Department of Justice has promised, at Senator Wheeler's insistence, to investigate Sir Paish's status in this country, to determine whether or not he is a "foreign agent." A demand has been raised in the Senate for the British propagandist's deportation. It is reported that Sir Paish, commenting on the investigation of the Department of Justice is allegedly carrying on, expressed indifference to the proceedings.

"They are investigating my credentials, not me," he stated.

The British Government has already denied that Sir Paish has any official standing, contending that he is merely "an elderly gentleman."

Senator Wheeler, however, declares, "this propaganda is the type which should be stamped out in the United States whether it is proposed by Germans, Frenchmen, Italians or the English."

Northwest Sending Big Delegation To Chicago

Almost 100 En Route to Peace Mobilization Starting Today

(Special to the Daily Worker) SEATTLE, Aug. 30.—Nearly 100 delegates from the Northwest are en route to Chicago for the Emergency Peace Mobilization. It was revealed by Miss Baba Jeanne Sears, executive secretary of the Seattle Peace Coordinating Committee.

"Lumber workers are sending the largest number of delegates, just as in the last war lumber workers led the fight in the Northwest against war," Miss Sears disclosed.

"Many of the delegates were elected directly in the camps and lumber mills. The district councils of the International Woodworkers of America also actively participated in the campaign to sound the Northwest's demand for peace at the Chicago conclave," Miss Sears recalled.

Basil Hoke, secretary of the Northern Washington district council IWA and an ardent champion of peace, said reports were continuing to stream into his office on locals that had dispatched delegates. While trade unions, both AFL and CIO, formed the bulk of the delegates, a survey of delegates revealed that the voice of the neighborhood will be heard at Chicago.

WOMEN DELEGATES

"The Women's Committee for Peace, representing over a dozen neighborhoods in both rural and metropolitan districts, are actively participating in the Chicago conclave," Mrs. Marion Camos, chairman of the women's committee said.

"By ringing doorbells throughout the neighborhoods and holding small receptions in fund-raising campaigns, the women's committee were able to send several delegates. Other organizations represented include language societies, women's democratic clubs, Workers Alliance and locals of the Washington Old Age Pension Union.

"There will be no moratorium on the fight against war carried on at home while delegates are fighting for peace at Chicago," A. E. Harding, president of the Maritime Federation and chairman of the Seattle Peace Coordinating Committee, said.

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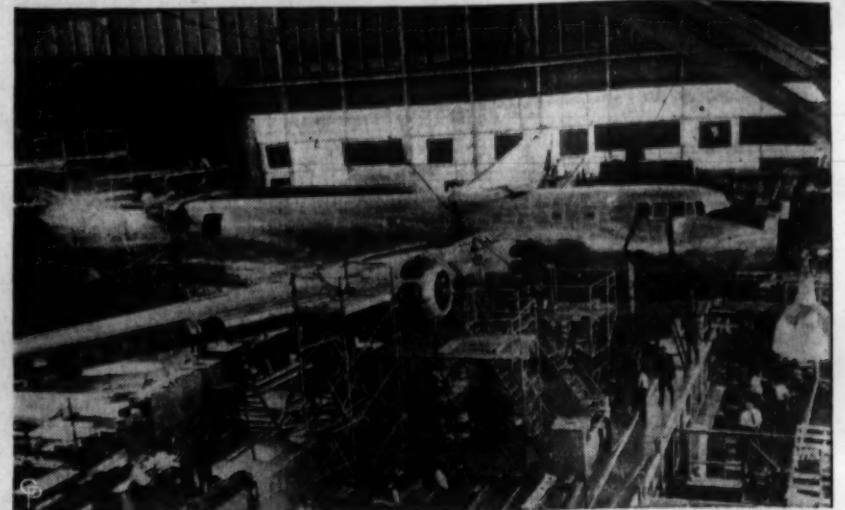
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LARGEST PLANE: What is said to be the world's largest bomber, the Douglas B-19, is unveiled for the first time at Santa Monica, Calif. The big Douglas bomber is three stories high, has a wing spread of 210 feet and has four engines. The ship will have a flying range of 6,000 miles with a bomb load and a crew of ten men. It will weigh 70 tons.

Maryland C. P. Fights Efforts To Ban Ballot

Plan Steps to Combat Dies-Inspired Drive to Prosecute Party Leaders for 'Fraud' Frameups

(Special to the Daily Worker) BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 30.—Special meetings of leading members of the Communist Party of Maryland tonight are planning a series of steps to defeat the Dies inspired move of Governor O'Connor and States Attorney Bernard J. Wells to take the party off the ballot and prosecute active

Party leaders for "fraud" and "misrepresentation." The Dies Committee started its campaign last July by sending letters to all petition signers. By a process of intimidation a number of signers were led to repudiate their signatures.

Last Wednesday the Dies Committee released its so-called evidence to the press and on Thursday, Governor O'Connor promised "a thorough investigation" based on this evidence. Pending the investigation the petitions are being "held up."

The local press has seized upon this issue and is assisting in whipping up a spirit of hysteria by publishing columns of the so-called repudiations and hinting that the entire list will be made public. The Party has issued a statement denying all accusations of fraud which was published in the local papers. A wide distribution of leaflets is being planned for the week-end and efforts for radio broadcast are also being made.

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6,000 Brooklyn Painters to Join Strike

Set to Walk Out Today; Manhattan Ranks Remain Solid

Six thousand more painters, from District Council 28, Queens, and 18, Brooklyn, will join the strike of the 12,000 members of District Council 9, Manhattan Tuesday morning. Their demands, essentially the same as those presented by District Council 9 to the Master Painters' Association, were rejected at conferences with the employers yesterday.

Instead of the \$1.75 an hour which is being sought by District Council 9, the other councils are seeking a \$2 an hour scale. All three councils are asking 50 per cent control of hiring, elimination of speed-up and the 30-hour week.

Members of the Queens Council will meet Tuesday morning at ten o'clock at Volkers Hall, 3811 27th Ave., Long Island City. Morris Isaacson is secretary-treasurer of the Queens Council.

As the strike of 12,000 painters in the Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx went into its sixth day, Louis Weinstein, Secretary-Treasurer of District Council 9, declared himself satisfied with the progress of the strike and asserted that the industry is at a standstill.

With more than 130 independent contractors already signed up and a meeting scheduled for this afternoon with a negotiating committee of the Hardwood Cabinet Manufacturers' Association, with whom an agreement is expected to be reached, Weinstein stated that the progress of the strike was eminently satisfactory to the union.

Support for District Council No. 9 has continued to pour in. Philadelphia District Council No. 21 has assured Mr. Weinstein none of its members are working on jobs held by New York employers and has assured the New York Union of its unflinching support.

Full cooperation of the International Office of the union was assured in a letter received today from Clarence E. Swick, General Secretary-Treasurer of the union. Weinstein, in a report to the District Council expressed satisfaction with the activities of the rank and file of the union. He said that picketing was going on at all major buildings affected by the strike and that it would continue as long as the strike was in effect.

Movie Chain Owner Indicted For Conspiracy

George P. Skouras, who with his two brothers controls the nation's largest chain of theatres, was indicted yesterday together with an associate and two theatre corporations by a federal grand jury yesterday on a charge of conspiracy to bribe Martin T. Manton, imprisoned former senior justice of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Named with Skouras in the true bill were Harry B. News, a friend of Manton's and a former real estate broker, together with the Skouras Theatre Corporation and its subsidiary, the Klina Theatre Corp.



What with all the preparedness talk on Wall Street and in the halls of Congress, the United States Bureau of Home Economics has evinced a sudden interest in "The Workingman's Food," and gotten out a new free bulletin entitled, "Diet to Fit the Family Income."

The big idea is made pretty clear in the news release the Bureau got out last week, to advertise the bulletin. "Preparedness," it says, "is now the watchword in the American scheme of life. . . . As the wheels of industry speed up, health for the workingman and his family becomes more important than ever before. And good health rests on a foundation of good nutrition, which in turn depends on well-planned diets."

Our good friends in the Bureau of Home Economics, with their sudden concern for the health of cannon-fodder and workers in munitions plants, put it very neatly—well-planned diet—but they don't mention where millions are to get the incomes necessary to purchase the food with which a healthy diet can be planned, especially with the heavy added burden of "defense" taxation.

The news release goes into some of the usual preachments about the value of eggs and milk (but "when the amount of money to be spent on food is limited, the family may consider which form of milk had the cheapest," as they discreetly bombast it), green vegetables, fruit, a bit of poultry and nuts. However, grains and other grain products are all round out the calories and attacks on the energy needed for day night appears that the bulletin offers



An Army Marches

on its stomach, Napoleon said—and pickets of the Painters' Union, on the march must also eat. Members of the Women's Auxiliary, shown above, prepare sandwiches and hot coffee for the strikers at one of the seven strike kitchens. Left to right are R. S. Goldberg, S. Friedman, Minnie Hammer, Rose Spector, all members of Local 442. Daily Worker Photo

G. E. Indicted In Monopoly Tie With Krupp

Grand Jury Charges Monopoly Zoomed Alloy Prices

A special Federal Grand Jury inquiring into national defense bottlenecks yesterday returned an indictment charging the General Electric Company, a subsidiary and the great Krupp armaments works of Essen, Germany, with boosting the price of badly needed Tungsten carbide alloys.

Through the activities of the defendants, a government spokesman alleged the government has had to pay three and four times what it should for alloys essential to the wearing qualities of military equipment such as guns, shells, tanks, plane engines, armor plate, trucks and automotive and railroad equipment.

The indictment, specifically alleging violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Act and the Wilson Tariff Act, names the General Electric Company, Walter Stearns, its trade relations manager; the Krupp works, the Carboloy Company of Detroit and W. G. Ribbins, its president, and Jay Zeffries, chairman of the board.

The lengthy indictment charges that the Krupp firm holds the power of veto over the issuance of patent licenses to American manufacturers in the making of hard metal compositions for machine cutting tools.

General Electric allegedly paid Krupp \$1,000,000 in 1928 for American rights to the patent and secret covenants were entered into, according to the indictment, whereby the Krupp firm would not ship tungsten carbide alloys to this country and there would be no export from this to other countries.

The agreements resulted, the indictment stated, in a jump in the price of carbide alloy from \$48 a pound to \$435 a pound. One of the 200 witnesses told the Grand Jury that he had to quote a price of \$5,000 for a certain tool which should have cost \$2,500 to the Federal Arsenal at Frankford, Pa.

When a Man Strikes He Must Eat; Wives of Painters Do the Job

Women's Auxiliary Sets Up Seven Kitchens, Feed Pickets Sandwiches, Coffee, and Take Care of Kids at Same Time

The Women's Auxiliary of the Painters' Union, on strike since Monday, have set up strike kitchens in seven of the eleven local headquarters in New York, and are preparing and passing out sandwiches and milk or coffee to picketers. In local 442 at Irving Plaza, just before noon, four women

were busy behind a counter in the balcony, making sandwiches and wrapping them in wax paper, and lining up the bottles of Consumer-Farmer Co-operative milk, and the paper cups. The men, tired and wet, carrying their picket signs, were already milling around the hall below, some of them straggling hopefully up the stairs in search of food.

Sophie Goldberg seemed to be in charge back of the counter. She laughed when asked, and said, "We are all in charge." She said that the Auxiliary began preparing food for their husbands on the second day of the strike.

"And we're trying to really accommodate the pickets with the eat," she said. "We got more for them today than yesterday, and tomorrow we'll get still more."

Mrs. Goldberg told about the way strike benefits are handled. "They've got a good idea," she said with enthusiasm, "the best idea yet. The men with jobs in shops that are already signed up take only three days work a week, and let some man who's not working, because his shop hasn't signed, have the other three days. My husband has a good job, in a union shop, but he works only three days now. The other three days he pickets. It's a wonderful idea, and it keeps the strike together. I'm so glad!"

What did she do with her children while down here? How does she get her housework done?

THE KIDS HELP

"Oh, we do our housework after. And my three kids are grown up already," she said. "But some of the women, in the up-town locals, take their kids right to the strike headquarters. The kids run errands



The ever popular sport coat for winter appears this year with the usual racoon collar and side pockets. The coat is slightly nipped at the waist and has a full double-breasted front. The feather on the cap is in high style

Urge Taking Bridges Case Out of FBI Hands

Committee to Protect Foreign Born Warns of Persecution

The American Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born, 79 Fifth Avenue, yesterday requested Attorney General Robert Jackson to take the Harry Bridges cases out of the hands of J. Edgar Hoover and turn it over to the Immigration and Naturalization Service, "where it rightfully belongs."

The request was made in a letter to the Attorney General which warned against the attempt to "hooverize the administration of the deportation and naturalization laws."

The letter signed by Carey McWilliams, chairman of the Committee, declared in part:

"One of our objections to the transfer of the Immigration and Naturalization Service from the Department of Labor to the Department of Justice in June of this year was based on the possibility that the Service might become dominated by the FBI. . . . If FBI agents are to carry out 'investigations' of aliens believed to be subject to deportation the Immigration and Naturalization Service will certainly become dominated by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Such procedure clearly jeopardizes the rights of aliens and thereby the democratic rights of all Americans. Instead of aiding the non-citizen in his efforts to adjust himself to our society, the Service will become an agency for persecuting the foreign born in the United States."

CIO Launches Building Service Drive Here

The Congress of Industrial Organizations yesterday embarked upon a drive to organize a new union of building service employees in greater New York.

Pete Moselle, Acting New York CIO Regional Director, announced that a CIO charter had been issued for the Building Service Employees Local Industrial Union. No. 1070 to have jurisdiction over all types of employees in office, loft and apartment buildings throughout the city.

The charter, Moselle said, had been issued to a formerly independent union, the Building Service Employees of America, with headquarters at 106 W. 48th St.

"If you want any sandwiches," said Mrs. Goldberg, "take them out right now. I just hate to refuse anybody that's hungry, and yesterday they had only one sandwich apiece, and we had to turn some away."

"We've only got about 500 sandwiches today," she said sadly, "but tomorrow we'll have 255 more. And we only give them out to the picketers. If any men sit around the hall loafing, they just don't eat." She showed me one of the stamped slips of paper the picketers had to show in order to get sandwiches.

Asked if the women were taking any other part in the strike besides handing the strike kitchen, she said:

IN SEARCH OF SCABS

"Yes, yesterday we went out renting apartments. A house was reported scabbing, and we went there to look at an apartment to be sure it wasn't getting painted. Women are god at things like that, you know," she laughed.

How is the strike's going? She beamed. "It's going well. The people are inspired about it. If you just look at their faces, you know they're going to win."

Mrs. Sophie Freedman, another Auxiliary member behind the counter, said she was anxious for the women to go on the picket line. "We're crazy to go," she said, "but we didn't exactly offer because we want them to see for themselves the need of having us there. We want them to ask us. They need us to encourage them and speak to them."

Rose Spector and Minnie Hammer, new auxiliary members, were also busy with the food. "We're just helping out," said Mrs. Spector, modestly. "I know what a strike means," Mrs. Hammer put in. "I'm in my own union, in the needle trades. Just now I'm not working, so I help my husband's union."

Joseph Raskob, president of the local, said, "The ladies are doing a fine job." He leaned over and whispered, "We're going to have them on the picket line tomorrow. Three years ago, when the painters were on strike, we marched on Wall St. I think we'll do it again this time—women and kids and all."

THE CHAIRMAN

The women went in search of Mrs. Emily McKinnin, who is chairman of the strike committee for the whole auxiliary. "She's wonderful!" they said. She was found at Local 51, on W. 42nd St., a plump and pretty Irish woman, energetic and gay with laughter.

"It's quite a responsibility," she said, "but I'm trying my best. Of course I've had a lot of help from the women—and the brothers, too, pitch right in and do all they can."

"About thirty women are active now, and every day there's more," she went on. "We've got work for all the wives to do, in all the locals. If they'll come out. We're trying to get the men to pass the word around, that they should come to their locals at ten o'clock every morning."

"The painters' wives know what a strike's about. We just manage to struggle on a little less while it's going on, that's all. And we're used to struggle."

Fitts Repudiated By Los Angeles Voters in Poll

Opposition Parties Get 3 to 2 Majority in Primaries Over Red-Baiting District Attorney, Labor Showing Strong

(Special to the Daily Worker)

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 30.—Burton Fitts, labor-hating district attorney and impresario of the "red murder plot" mystery drama, yesterday stood repudiated by the electorate of Los Angeles.

A majority of the people in this county voted against Fitts yesterday, his electoral opponents in the primaries getting three votes to every two he got.

As a result, Fitts faces the most bitter election contest in the finals, with John P. Dockweiler, labor-endorsed candidate, as his opponent.

Although the open shop sponsored incumbent gained a small plurality in the eight-cornered race his opponents piled up better than three votes to his two, thus forcing a runoff.

Dockweiler finished a strong second, getting nearly 2 1/2 votes to one for Municipal Judge Irvin Taplin, who finished third. William Bonnell, state board of equalization member, finished fourth.

LABOR STRONG

Showing labor's strength was the race within Los Angeles city limits where Dockweiler ran neck and neck with Fitts, despite the latter's advantage of having the active support of virtually the entire press and a seemingly bottomless campaign treasure chest. What advantage Fitts had was gained in the outlying rural districts.

Returns from 4040 precincts out of 4051 showed this result: Fitts, 213,654; Dockweiler, 169,874; Taplin 74,005, and Bonnell, 70,818. The other four candidates polled approximately 40,000 votes.

As labor summed it up, the result was: Fitts 213,654, and anti-Fitts, 457,465.

All 15 Superior Court judges were reelected. Closest race was for office 14 where reactionary interests concentrated their fire in an attempt to remove Judge John Beardsley, formerly active in the American Civil Liberties Union.

Incumbent congressmen are apparently renominated, some gaincertain nominations.

The huge plurality scored by Senator Hiram Johnson in Los Angeles county over County Supervisor John Anson Ford, "good government liberal," was generally considered the result of Ford's support of President Roosevelt's foreign policy and the general public belief that Johnson, despite his

Detroit Klan Threatens to Lynch Negro Family

Police Stand Idly By As Mob Surrounds Negro's Home

(Special to the Daily Worker)

HAZEL PARK, Mich., Aug. 30.—Mounting Ku Klux Klan activity in this small city on the outskirts of Detroit was the reason for threatened intimidation of Charles Mimms, a Negro worker. The Klan rounded up a large crowd in a pool room and surrounded the home of Mimms (which he has owned for 17 years) throwing rocks and other missiles and constantly urging the crowd to "get your guns and kill some niggers."

Mimms is highly respected among his neighbors, decided some time ago to build a home on his lot. He had formerly lived in the rear of the lot.

Hazel Park police stood idly by while for five nights in a row the Klansmen paraded before the home of Mimms and sought to intimidate him.

The Michigan Civil Rights Federation now nationally known for its constant defense of civil liberties, had observers on the scene, demanding not only protection for the Negro family but also that the police disperse the mob of terrorists.

WILL-SEE GOVERNOR

Other organizations and civic leaders took up the case and a delegation will this week see Gov. Dickinson. Dickinson was notified about the actions of the Klan-inspired gangs in Hazel Park but his answer was that "the situation is well in hand." The same day and night Klansmen in the presence of police officers and Sheriff's men were inciting pool-room hangers-on to get guns and shoot it out with Mimms.

Michigan state Senator Charles Diggs stated that he will lead a delegation to see Gov. Dickinson to find out if the "Ku Klux Klan is to be allowed to practice its 18th century barbarism in Detroit and Michigan."

The powerful National Association for the Advancement of Colored People is making this case its foremost task at present. Detroit and vicinity has been the scene lately of increased Klan activity. Last Sunday Imperial Wizard of the KKK, Hiram W. Colescott was in Detroit and in a hate-inciting speech urged "American forces to route out fifth column elements." The CIO recently sent members to Mimms home in Hazel Park to render any assistance necessary.



BURTON FITTS

liberal background, is a strong opponent of conscription.

YORTY SWAMPED

Red-baiting former Assemblyman Sam Yorty, who campaigned for senator on pro-war "stop Hitler now" platform, ran a feeble fourth in both Republican and Democratic primaries.

Supervisors Roger Jesup and Gordon L. McDonough were reelected and Supervisor Oscar Hauge faces a runoff in November.

Washington State C.P. to Hold Convention

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 30.—The Communist Party of Washington will convene on Sept. 10, Primary Day in this state, to nominate its candidates in the coming election, it was announced here today.

Simultaneously, from Portland, Oregon, came word that the Communist Party of that state would hold its nominating convention on Sept. 15.

The state of Idaho, it was reported, would file the names of its election candidates on Sept. 6.



TO THE PEOPLE!

EARL BROWDER speaks to the nation!

FOR fifteen precious minutes the American people are allowed to hear unforgettable words of truth—to sense the profound love for the common people in the heart of the Communist candidate for the Presidency—to feel his equally profound hatred for their exploiters.

From one end of the nation to the other, men and women, who, but a few minutes ago may have been listening to crafty incitations to war, hear the voice of peace, calling upon them to struggle, organize, unite . . .

A Browder broadcast is always a tremendous event in the lives of the American people. Today, it is imperative that Browder and Ford be heard from coast-to-coast, not once, but as often as the dimes and dollars of working people will allow.

That is why the National Election Campaign Committee is negotiating for eight national hook-ups for the standard bearers of the Communist Party. But before we can get a single minute of time on the air we must pay for it in cash. Can't we have your authorization today—in the form of cash—so that we can go ahead with the broadcasts?

National Election Campaign Committee — Communist Party
35 East 12th Street
New York, N. Y.

Daily Worker

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY THE FREEDOM OF THE PRESS CO., INC., 20 East 12th St., New York, N. Y.
 President—Louis F. Budenz
 Vice-President—Howard C. Rold
 Secretary—Benjamin J. Davis, Jr.
 Treasurer—Alfred A. Kohn
 Cable Address: "Daily Worker," New York, N. Y.
 Washington Bureau, Room 504, National Press Building, 14th and F Sts., Washington, D. C. Telephone, National 7910.
 SUBSCRIPTION RATES BY MAIL:
 United States (except Alaska and the District of Columbia)—1 year, \$5.00; 6 months, \$3.00; 3 months, \$1.50; 1 month, 75 cents.
 Alaska and the District of Columbia—1 year, \$6.00; 6 months, \$3.50; 3 months, \$1.75; 1 month, 85 cents.
 Foreign and Canada—1 year, \$9.00; 6 months, \$5.00; 3 months, \$2.50; 1 month, 1.25 cents.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1940

A Cynical Fraud

The Overton-Russell amendment (supposedly to "draft" factories if necessary) is a cynical fraud upon the people.

It is intended to hoodwink the millions who are beginning to suspect that the Administration is preparing to enslave the poor and make the rich richer. But the rich themselves are not fooled. There are no signs of nervousness in the upper strata of finance capital over this amendment.

The Wall Street Journal, for example, is entirely unexcited about the whole matter. It declares in a matter-of-fact way that the amendment "as it stands, is apparently little if anything more than a special expression of the principle of eminent domain, a power which is inherent in all government."

The Journal of Commerce speaks with the same calm. It declared that those who predicted that the financial interests would howl against the amendment, "presented a distinctly misleading picture of the attitude of business men and the financial community toward this provision of the draft measure." It adds with smug satisfaction that "full and fair compensation (would) be paid the owners of the facilities seized."

The Herald Tribune calls the amendment "frivolous demagoguery" and cynically declares that "it does not, of course, conscript property or come within a thousand miles of it. [The Tribune should know!—Editor.] If it had, one cannot help wondering how many of the virtuous Senators, not a few of whom are men of property themselves, would have voted for it."

In view of such statements, Wendell Willkie's outburst against the amendment as "sovietizing" industry is the wildest kind of nonsense; but it is nonsense which the Administration leaders like to hear for it helps them in their pretense that some sacrifice is being made of industry.

It is not even necessary for a person to study the terms of the amendment, to realize that it is a hoax. All one has to do is to look at the present policy of the Administration and it becomes clear that far from "conscripting" the wealth of the corporations in any way, the whole plan of the Administration is to make them still more wealthy.

Did not the President completely exonerate the corporations which had staged a sit-down against the "defense" program until they won their demands for still higher profits and lower taxes? And on the very same day that the Overton-Russell amendment was passed, did not the Navy Department hand out a \$160,000,000 order to the Morgan-controlled United Aircraft Company and promise to pay for \$7,000,000 worth of tools in addition? Has not the Reconstruction Finance Corporation already dished out more than \$200,000,000 of the people's money in loans to the corporations for "defense" orders?

The only kind of "conscripting" of wealth that the Roosevelt Administration intends to carry out, is the conscription of the pennies of the poor through taxes—to be turned over later to the monopolies through loans and huge profits on war orders. If anybody in the Administration had the faintest interest in "conscripting" wealth, he would be advocating higher wages for the workers now and heavy taxes upon war profits.

One of the real purposes of the "draft the factories" amendment, as the N. Y. Times reveals, was to furnish those Senators who were hesitating about voting for the Burke-Wadsworth Bill, with an alibi that they were voting not only to conscript manpower, but also to "conscript wealth."

The Overton-Russell amendment also has some hidden, dangerous possibilities—such as empowering the President to take over radio stations and newspapers and thus destroy freedom of speech and of the press. The amendment might also be used in time as a weapon of the monopolists against non-monopoly business.

It is already evident that the Administration and the press are hoping to make the Overton-Russell amendment the issue in the House and thus side-track all discussion on the deadly features of the conscription bill. But the phony Overton-Russell amendment is not the issue. The issue is whether the common people of this nation are to be regimented and conscripted for imperialist adventures abroad and for dictatorship at home.

Letters From Our Readers

Wants Varga's Articles In Pamphlet Form

Editor, Daily Worker:

Please put in pamphlet form Varga's current articles which are being published in the Daily and Sunday Worker.

New York City.

A. K.

Major Parties Dodging Most Important Issue

Editor, Daily Worker:

Roosevelt and Willkie are both committed to dragging the United States into war, but each in his own way.

Therefore, the real significance of the Willkie speech at Elwood is "unity" at all costs to keep the war from becoming an issue before the people, until after election.

R. B.

A National Guardsman Writes About the Draft

Editor, Daily Worker:

Permit me to present some facts in relation to the National Guard Draft Bill which have not been published before. The other side of the picture has been pushed into obscurity, namely, the reaction of the Guardsmen to this bill.

After three years in the National Guard, and a "veteran" of the Ustake maneuvers, I feel qualified to present to the general American public and to the sponsors of this phony bill a true account of the boys and men who comprise the bulk of the Guards.

The majority of them are opposed to the one year compulsory training on the grounds that it destroys their very much guarded freedom and liberty. "Why should I give up a year of my life for a militaristic purpose that is of no concern to me?" one of them said. "I didn't start the war, why should I have to suffer?" another said.

Many of these men have jobs that just about keep them going from hand to mouth each week, yet they would prefer this than leaving home for a year, disrupting their entire existence.

Some had planned to marry; others to return to school for a better education, and a few, like myself, do not relish the prospect of leaving a worried wife at home.

The American public should wake up and help to throw out this legislation which has empowered the President to make of the Guardsmen a weapon for Wall Street and its imperialistic ventures.

Such regimentation of American youth can only lead to destruction of all the gains which have been won up till now. Help defeat this fascist method of military training by writing to the sponsors of this bill and voicing your disapproval.

J. M.

Publication of Petition Signers' Names—Attempt to Bar Peace Candidates

Editor, Daily Worker:

The Cleveland Press is printing names of petition signers. The following is a copy of a letter to the editor:

"Never before has the State of Ohio or the Cleveland Press questioned the validity of Communist Party petitions, and in past elections the Communist Party has regularly appeared on the ballot. Why then today does the Cleveland Press act as a self-appointed sleuth by printing names of all Cleveland signers of Communist Party petitions? Many people, while disagreeing with the Communist Party, signed the petitions because they believe any Party has the right to be on the ballot.

"What is it about the Communist election this year that inspires the 'Press' to take measures that have never before been found necessary? The central plank of the Communist platform is to keep America out of war by stopping the blood-soaked trade in munitions and instruments of war, by depriving the profiteers and monopolists of their inducements to endanger our peace.

"Today, in the absence of any major political peace party, the Communist Party presents an alternative to the war policy of other parties.

"The 'Press' endorses the war policies of Roosevelt and Willkie.

"Therefore, the 'Press' prints names in callous disregard of persons or civil liberties in order to prevent the raising of peace or war as an issue in the Presidential campaign."

D. S.

Wall Street Business Pure and Simple

Editor, Daily Worker:

For those seeking the basic factors behind the recently announced "Mutual Defense Agreement" between the U. S. A. and Canada, Anna Rochester's remarkable study, "Rulers of America," is astonishingly revealing.

In Chapter XX, discussing the penetration of Canada by U. S. finance capital, Miss Rochester discloses the following:

"Politically Canada is tied to the British Empire as a self-governing dominion. . . . In spite of these close links to Great Britain, Canadian capitalism has had since the World War a closer relation with Wall Street than London. The share held by U. S. exports in the Canadian market . . . is . . . more than double the share held by exports from Great Britain. And in capital investment, which is more important than trade in determining the influence of one country upon another, the U. S. A. has ever since the war held unquestioned leadership over Great Britain. In 1931, the stake of U. S. capitalists in Canadian industry and Canadian resources was almost double the stake of U. S. capitalists in any other one foreign country.

"The four billions of American capital invested in Canada constitute roughly one-quarter of the total foreign investment by private interests in the U. S. . . . Canada has its own highly developed financial groups. . . . Canadian capitalists have been building up their own investments in other countries. Over a billion dollars of Canadian capital is invested in the U. S. and three-quarter billion elsewhere—chiefly in the West Indies and South America. . . ."

A calm, objective analysis of the information will reveal to the reader that what was behind the MacKenzie King-Roosevelt commitments at Ogdensburg was "Wall Street Business" pure and simple: a long step by U. S. imperialism toward its objective of military and political domination over the Western Hemisphere.

The "U. S. News" spokesman for the rulers of America, reveals as much in the current issue, when, while discounting the possibility of invasion by a victorious Hitler, he declares:

"Downfall of Britain would raise the question of Canada's future . . . would raise the question of title of vast British investments here and in Latin America . . . Roosevelt . . . is seeking to gain advantage for the U. S. at an undisclosed price. . . ."

Is that price American involvement? G. S.

CHARLEY McCARTHY

by Gropper



Text of Frankfeld Speech Banned by Boston Radio

Where Is Our Fifth Column?

The Daily Worker reprints here the radio speech by Philip Frankfeld, state secretary of the Communist Party of Massachusetts, which was banned this week by station WAAB of Boston.

Frankfeld's speech was to have been delivered in a radio forum sponsored by the New England Town Hall, Inc., together with Mrs. Fulton Oursler, editor of Liberty magazine, and Mr. Edgar Butler, foreign correspondent and author, on the subject "Where Is Our Fifth Column?"

The text of the speech follows in part:

By Philip Frankfeld

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen:

To determine where our Fifth Column is, we must be clear what it is, how and why it conducts its nefarious work. The term, Fifth Column, had its origin in the fascist war of aggression against the Spanish Republic. General Franco had four columns marching on Madrid and a Fifth Column of concealed agents inside of Madrid. The Fifth Column is an organized detachment of the forces of reaction, war and fascism working in a concealed manner to facilitate the victory of reaction over the people.

To be able to fully identify the Fifth Column in the U. S. A., we must carefully study recent momentous events in France.

A whole nation, with glorious traditions, was shamefully betrayed. This great betrayal was not solely the result of the acts of a Petain and a Laval. The preparatory work for this treachery was laid years ago. Powerful figures in the government, in industry and finance, and in the General Staff, openly or secretly sympathized with Hitlerism. They scorned democracy.

THE CAGOUARDS

"HITLER RATHER THAN DEMOCRACY." This was the rallying slogan of the Cagouards of France. The Cagouards were a secret organization of men of great wealth. Generals Weygand and Gouraud were members, Petain a sympathizer.

Pierre Cot, former French Minister of Aviation, revealed the astounding fact that "only one-third of the available planes were ever used by France in her battle for life," and he declared that "Petain and Weygand gave our country to Hitler" (Boston Herald, Aug. 27, 1940).

The Boston Post of Aug. 31, 1940, reported the fact that one of the largest landowners in England, who collects an annual rental of \$1,000,000 from his 460,000 acres of land, who has wide control in arma-

ments, motors, insurance, and railroad enterprises, the Duke of Buccleuch, was removed as Lord Steward because of his Nazi sympathies. He is not alone because in England there is a pro-Nazi organization of highly placed Englishmen, in addition to the Cliveden-Chamberlain set, that meets regularly.

The world-famous historian, H. G. Wells, has published a letter in the "New Republic" of Aug. 26, 1940, in which he deals with the treatment accorded to the anti-Nazi refugees in England. Mr. Wells writes of a "carefully planned wrecking campaign" conducted by "scoundrels working indeed in the frankest cooperation with Nazi terrorism," and while these "pro-Nazi officials remain at their posts, Britain will be fighting with one arm tied behind her back."

Could anything be clearer? Hitler's Fifth Column in England, which is strongly entrenched in leading government positions, is paving the way for the betrayal of England. The Fifth Column conducts its work of betrayal in the name of "Fighting Communism." Treachery to their country, they cover up in the name of "Saving it from Bolshevism." Hitler, Mussolini, Franco and Petain came to power in the name of "Anti-Communism." To effectively destroy democracy, they aimed their first and most brutal blows against the Communist Party, then attacked the trade unions—the bulwark of democracy, then wiped out democracy itself. Fascism is the open, naked, predatory dictatorship of Big Business over the people.

The present Fascism of Hitler and Mussolini, was financed, munitioned, preserved and made possible by American bankers and merchants of death. Thus wrote Mr. George Seligman, one of America's most honest and most fearless newspapermen in his paper, "In Fact," of Aug. 12, 1940. He names the bankers and the munitions-makers as follows: "Clarence Dillon, head of Dillon, Read & Co., the duPont, Pratt & Whitney, Curtiss-Wright and Douglas Aircraft." Mr. Seligman showed where J. P. Morgan had saved Mussolini from collapse in 1926 by loaning him \$100,000,000; and Dillon, Read had loaned \$150,000,000 to German concerns.

FINANCE FASCISM

The Nye Investigating Committee on the Munitions Industry, in its report several years ago, told of a "gentlemen's agreement" that existed between the duPonts and two German concerns, the D.A.G. and Kohn Rottweiler. In this "gentlemen's agreement" "EACH PARTY AGREED TO DISCLOSE TO THE OTHER ITS INVENTIONS RELATING TO EXPLOR-

SIVES" (No. 944, Part 3, Report of Nye Committee, Page No. 229). This agreement was reached before Hitler, but was continued after Hitler took power. In the same volume of the report, we read: "It is apparent that American aviation companies did their part to assist Germany's air armament" (Page 260).

Ambassador Bullitt on his return to America gave his enthusiastic endorsement to the Petain regime. He covered up its treachery. He pleaded its feeble case before our people by declaring that it was not fascist. Later on, in a radio speech made a week ago Sunday, he devoted considerable time in denouncing the "traitorous Communists" whom he accused of being responsible for the collapse of France. Mr. Bullitt spoke not only for himself, but for other leading lights in the Administration. All known facts and published reports completely refute Mr. Bullitt's allegations.

In an article that appeared in the "Nation" on July 13, 1940, Mr. Heinz Pol disclosed that "Daladier himself had to admit to the Army Commission in Parliament that no acts of sabotage had been committed by Socialist or Communist workers, and that the General Staff had issued nothing but favorable reports about the behavior of Communists at the front."

As Lincoln pointed out during the Civil War, it was never the common soldier who was a Copperhead working for the slaveowners, but usually officers. It is always men in high places who comprise the Fifth Column, not the ordinary rank and file citizen. Check the facts for yourselves! Find out who it was who best defended the Spanish Republic against Hitler, Mussolini and Franco. Read eye-witness accounts from such anti or non-Communists writers as Herbert Matthews, Vincent Sheean, Ernest Hemingway, about the heroism of the Communists in Spain. Read of the self-sacrificing struggles conducted by the Communists in Austria and Czechoslovakia in G. E. R. Gedy's book, "Betrayal in Central Europe." Mr. Gedy is a correspondent for The New York Times. Read about the magnificent and flaming devotion of the Communists in China to their country in the war against Japan. Communists everywhere love their countries and their people; Communists everywhere fight the betrayers of their countries and their people; Communists everywhere are loyal to the great ideals of their Party—Socialism, Security, Peace and the People's Happiness.

The real Fifth Column in America can be readily recognized. You can easily identify them. They are the inciters of race prejudice and

Point of Order

By ALAN MAX

THE GREAT DEBATE

(Point of Order stages the Roosevelt-Willkie debate and names Point of Order as impartial chairman. Any resemblance to living persons is entirely intentional.)

CHAIRMAN—Ladies and gentlemen, the debate of the century—a brilliant clash of opposing views—both will speak freely and frankly, laying bare their differences and letting you, ladies and gentlemen, take your choice. First we hear from Mr. Roosevelt.

ROOSEVELT—Fellow Americans, my program is brief: conscription, obsolete destroyers to Britain and be prepared to defend the Rhine from Hitler. Our motto is unity, defense and sacrifice. Let me repeat, in conclusion, unity, defense and—

WILLKIE—Sacrifice.

WILLKIE—No heckling, please, Mr. Willkie.

WILLKIE—Beg pardon, I was just rehearsing my speech.

CHAIRMAN—Having heard Mr. Roosevelt, we will now hear from the fighting opposition, Mr. Willkie. WILLKIE—Fellow Americans, as against Mr. Roosevelt's proposal of conscription, I say that what this country needs is the draft. As against obsolete destroyers for Britain, I propose we send over-aged destroyers. Instead of protecting the Rhine from Hitler, I demand that we keep Hitler from the Rhine. I lead of Unity, Defense and Sacrifice—a program which could only lead our country to disaster—I propose Defense, Sacrifice and Unity. Or in the event of a special, unforeseen emergency—Sacrifice, Unity and Defense. I thank you.

CHAIRMAN—We will now hear the first rebuttal from Mr. Roosevelt.

ROOSEVELT—Fellow Americans, you have just heard my opponent, Mr. Roosevelt.

CHAIRMAN—Pardon me, Mr. President, but your opponent is Mr. Wendell L. Willkie.

ROOSEVELT—Then who am I? Oh, yes, to be sure. You have heard my opponent, Mr. Wendell L. Willkie—or, rather, Mr. Franklin D. Willkie—or I should say—excuse me, just what is your name again?

WILLKIE—Wendell L. Willkie.

ROOSEVELT—Thank you, Mr. Willkie. (A messenger hands Roosevelt a telegram which he opens and reads.) Oh, I am so sorry. I have just been called back to Washington for a special meeting of the Republican National—I mean the Democratic National Committee. Mr. Chairman, if there is no objection, I should like to have a substitute continue presenting my views for me.

CHAIRMAN—Whom do you propose?

ROOSEVELT—Mr. Willkie here.

(At this point, the Chairman calls off the debate on account of darkness as the audience has long since left the hall and the lights have been turned out.)

Suggested slogan for that insurance company: "As Strong As the Rock of Gibraltar Would Be Today If Those Planes Had Been Sent to Help Loyalist Spain."

OFF TO BORNEO

"You can go to Borneo." Is what they used to say. Now they're laughing and they tell you In the same old way:

"You can go to Borneo Just take your gun and fight. You can go to Honolulu Or any place you like.

"Just go to Borneo And steal a little tin. Or take a kite to Java. And do the Japs in.

"You can go to Borneo." Is what they used to say. Now they're laughing and they tell you, "Conscription's on the way."

Mister Millionaire, Truck on down to hell; We don't want to cross the seas, We like the U. S. too well.

PETER FLEMING.

This is a day of changing slogans. The Superintendent of Public Schools of Pittsburgh announces that, in the coming school term, emphasis will be turned from "Democracy and Peace" to "Democracy and Strength." We predict that other changes will quickly follow. "Democracy and Strength" will probably give way to "Unity and Strength," then "Unity and God," then "Roosevelt and God." Then "Roosevelt."

According to P. B., certain bankers are so hostile to labor that they would like to change the name of the Western Union Company to the Western Company Union.

When people start talking about preserving the sacred two-party system from a three-party or four-party system, you can be sure they are heading for a one-party system.

When Joe Parker sent in his lunch money (25 cents) the other day for the Daily Worker Fund, he also made the suggestion for the Roosevelt-Willkie debate which heads this column.

Yesterday's contributions to the Fund Drive (as credited to Point of Order)—

Some Striking Painters	\$ 3.00
Sid	1.00
	\$ 4.00
Previously received	69.20
Total	\$73.20

anti-Semitism; the haters of trade unions; the admirers of Hitler; the appeasers; the bitterest opponents of the Communist Party; those who want to drag our country into war. The real Fifth Columnists are those who graft in office; who sell pardons to criminals; incite vigilante violence; provoke lynch terror against the Negro people; conduct anti-Semitic campaigns against the Jewish people. It is those who rule minority parties off the ballot; who violate and machine-gun the Bill of Rights. It is those who create war hysteria and try to foist fascist dictatorship in disguised form on America. It is the men of great wealth in Wall Street and State Street, who back the Martin Dies, Col. Lindberghs, Father Coughlins and the rest.

Communism and fascism are irreconcilable. Fascism and Nazism represent capitalism in full and in decay. They are the hideous offspring of the diseased body of world capitalism. The Russian Revolution of 1917 galvanized the German people to overthrow Kaiserism in 1918. The great ideals of Communism, representing the future of mankind, will inspire and the peoples of Europe to overthrow Hitlerism and the whole system of capitalism that gave him birth to reorganize society along sane, rational, proletarian and socialist lines.

CHANGE THE WORLD



Impressions of
A Roving Columnist
In Old Manhattan

By MIKE GOLD

A FOREIGNER in New York—Down the Bowery, somehow we got talking, and walking together for about ten blocks. He wore a big western hat, a green velvet shirt, sandals and a dusty second-hand Canal Street suit. He was an Arapahoe Indian from Oklahoma, he told me.

"Is there a real Yankee paper in New York?" he asked, irritably. "No, they're all owned by Jews. Look at the American. Trying to drag us into war. For what? And owned by a Jew named Hersh."

Evidently, Chief White Moon or some other nickel-and-dime agent had been fogging this Indian's mind. He went on:

"Hersh fights the poor people on WPA. I have been in this city for years, but could never get a WPA job. All those questions they ask. They want to know if I am born. Sure, I'm born. They want me to show my citizen papers. Am I an American? Now Hersh and his crowd want to fingerprint me. I am an alien. How do you like that?"

"But you must have a birth certificate or other paper," I said. "No," said the Indian. "I was born on the reservation. But Hersh won't believe me. Wants to see some Indian snake-oil for rheumatism?"

He was carrying a big paper carton as he sloped wearily along the hot sidewalks of New York.

He shrugged his shoulders. "So what can I do?" he said, with a New York gesture. "Wanna buy some Indian shampoo soap, made from roots? No?"

"No, thanks," I said, "and the louse's name is Hersh—not Hersh. Some of his best friends are Jews, but he is not a Jew. He is only a very dirty member of the millionaire class. You are right in hating his guts. Yet he is one of many American millionaires who spent the past five years playing ball with Hitler and Mussolini. Now they pretend to be anti-fascist. They will hold this pose long enough to regiment the country, and turn it fascist. It's all a big swindle, and you and I had better make a united front against them. Gimme a bar of your soap—and remember it's Hersh, not Hersh."

Nazi Stuff—For years we have been fed stories on the insane Nazi system of justice; the weird, wild charges they bring against those who wish to frame-up. But the same crazy system is commencing among us; and it looks all right to a lot of good Americans, too. Hitler is a sneak, a liar, and a double-crosser, but they are pure.

Buron Pitts, one of the most nauseous little politicians who ever crawled from under the wet side of a rock, is running for re-election as D. A. in Los Angeles. Pitts has a record of queer doings, but his recent Hollywood stab at publicity he out-did himself, and equalled the worst Hitlerian opera.

There was a waterfront killing some five years ago during a strike. Pitts dragged out the case from the files where it had lain forgotten for lack of any clues. He arrested a union organizer, and then tried to connect some 20 Hollywood stars with this seaman, and with Communism, and the killing.

The stupid frame-up is beginning to backfire in his face, because it covers too much territory. You can frame-up a seaman in America, and even a movie star, but when you try to persuade Americans that 20 movie stars conspired to murder a waterfront unknown, that is hard for even a Hersh-ridden dope to swallow.

Down in Mexico a similar frame-up, in connection with the late Trotsky, is going forward. Some months ago an assault was made on Trotsky, and one of his bodyguards was said to be kidnapped and murdered.

The Mexican police, some of them believed to be under fascist-Almanza influence, have tried to pin this murder on David Alfaro Siqueiros, the artist. The Trotsky press has even tried to connect Siqueiros with the recent assassination of Trotsky by one of his own followers.

Siqueiros has had to go into hiding. His life would not be worth much in a Mexican police cell under the political conditions that prevail today. When the fascist conspirators are cleared out of every public office in Mexico by a thoroughly aroused people, only then will it be safe for Siqueiros to step out and demand a trial.

Meanwhile, one of Mexico's geniuses, a painter who ranks among the first three in the grand renaissance of Mexican art, a painter who has helped make his native land the capital of the modern art world, this man has to live like a fugitive from a chain gang.

It is as preposterous to believe that Siqueiros would become the leader of an assassination plot as to believe it of Gary Cooper. And why? Because the face, the hair, the manner of speech, the whole personality of Siqueiros is almost as well known in Mexico as the personality of Gary Cooper in this country.

Communists do not believe in assassination, because with Disraeli, they believe that no assassination ever changed the history of a country. Communist methods are well known: they are based on organization of the people, of the majority, toward a new and better society. Only the masses can permanently change the capitalist system, and organization is the key word to them.

Siqueiros, I understand, was not a member of the Communist Party of Mexico. But he accepted its leadership; the outstanding Mexican intellectual who did so, and for this renegade like Rivera have hated him with a peculiar venom. Now Rivera and the fascist-Almanza gang to whom he now gives his adherence, are using their chance to destroy Siqueiros. They would try to weave the same plot around a Gary Cooper or a Charlie Chaplin in America, if they could, and it would be as murderously grotesque as a Hitler invention.

One of Eddie's Pals—Some years ago, in London, I remember meeting Frazier Hunt. His friends called him "Spike," and he was a foreign correspondent for Hearst. A big, genial, handsome, well-tailored guy, who knew everybody, and could give you the "inside" on everything in Europe, he was as glamorous as those self-portraits newspapermen have been coyly writing in recent books.

"Spike" moved in the highest political and social circles; but he also mixed with radicals; and I suppose one could have defined him as a "liberal," since that is a word that stretches like India-rubber.

Years after I had tossed off a few with "Spike" at his favorite pub, I noticed in the papers that he had become some sort of bosom pal and publicity agent for the Prince of Wales. This amused me, and I thought it a good racket for a newspaperman, for you can cash in quite a load of rocks from such high-class work.

But the job must have gone to "Spike's" head. From being the little King's press employee, he began to think like his master. The same thing often happens to butlers and valets. The other night "Spike" talked over our American radio, and I was appalled.

This former "liberal" was spouting Eddie's and Wallie's whole Ribbentrop line. "England is fighting for its life," said "Spike," "and may lose the Empire. But many Englishmen believe peace could be made, and that Hitler would be glad to make it, since together with England, it would be possible to smash Russia, etc." Also Petain, that wonderful old patriot, is of this mind, and is trying to save France from the Communists," etc., etc.

But you know the line. It is Hitler's masterpiece of cunning, and has strong and powerful advocates in England, France and America. I can understand it from a Duke of Windsor and a Chamberlain. They prefer Hitler to the British working class; but what meat and drink has Frazier Hunt fed upon? I really did believe he was an Iowan. Anyway, Frazier Hunt's radio opinions help one understand the war more clearly. He confirms what Communists have been saying right along—that the British ruling class had better not be trusted by the Soviet Union in any alliance against anyone.

Book Notes

The October Appleton-Century will publish "Still Small Voice: The Story of Zona Gale," by Anita Loos. The circumstances claimed which Zona Gale met her had earlier for the first time are bombarded. When she appeared on a program of the Community claimed in Sauk City in 1914, she was fighter against a quiet little life. She was a woman who attacked the frontier home across the night, from the house where and would not rest un-

Britain's Writers and the War

J. B. S. Haldane, Noted Biologist,
Tells How the Intellectuals Stand

By J. B. S. Haldane
London, England (delayed).

The editors of "New Masses" have asked me to write on British intellectuals and the war. I am singularly unqualified to do so. I suppose I am an intellectual, but I am also a skilled manual worker. I can still analyze air when it is so full of carbon dioxide that I am long past coherent speech or writing. I believe I am

the only person who ever got duplicate determinations of urea in urine to agree to one part in a thousand. So, while I have a certain skill in the handling of words or other symbols—which I suppose is in a sense the definition of an intellectual—I find the company of skilled manual workers quite as congenial as that of intellectuals.

Hence I know very little about what British intellectuals, and especially minor intellectuals, are thinking. I suppose our leading intellectuals are George Bernard Shaw and H. G. Wells. Shaw is eighty-three, but his eye is not dim. He is a regular reader of the London Daily Worker, and when I told him on a midsummer day that we were going back from four to eight pages, his whole face lit up with pleasure before even he had time to think of an epigram. He then told me what our policy ought to be, in particular that we should stress even more strongly the necessity of turning out the present government in favor of one which the Soviet Union could trust, in order to avoid defeat.

Shaw is a little too fond of words for their own sake, and forty years of flattery by the British ruling class have done him no good. But he is a socialist, though a socialist of a rather highbrow kind. And he has a genuine admiration for Marx. Hence he does not find the approach of a revolutionary situation discouraging, although "the don't obey no orders unless they are his own," he appears to feel that the policy of the Communist Party is nearer to his desire than any of the alternatives now facing the British people.

H. G. Wells is a very different case. He has invented some twenty different futures for humanity, and humanity refuses to conform to even one of them. Even the present war, which was to have begun with unparalleled violence and then spread out, is doing the exact opposite. Wells looks forward to a sort of socialism, but he disapproves of Marxism. Unfortunately while he is too modest about his great merits as a popularizer of science and wholly unaware of his claims to be one of the greatest of English stylists, he is an over-enthusiastic Phreast.

He sees the collapse of capitalism as the possible end of civilization, in which case New York, London and Paris of 1939 are the sorry climax of human achievement. But at least he has not so far become a propagandist for the British government, as in 1914 when he invented the phrase "a war to end war."

I know extremely little about the activities of minor intellectuals. In September, 1939, University College, London, was evacuated. Some of my colleagues went to Wales. I was merely told to evacuate my laboratory on three days' notice. I refused to do so, and although I was subjected to petty persecution regarding electricity, water and the like, and my assistants were threatened, I have hung on for nearly a year, and made some discoveries.

I have also been doing work of a somewhat dangerous character, designed to save the lives of certain members of the British forces. Many of my colleagues have given up research and teaching altogether, some being transferred to war work, others apparently being prevented from working on the general principle that war and culture do not mix—a principle which was not adopted in republican Spain and is not adopted in China.

As a result I have had very little conversation with other intellectuals, and my generalizations have little validity. But here they are, for what they are worth. Very few support the Chamberlain policy. Typical of this small minority is Arthur W. M. Bryant, a historian whose political philosophy may be judged by his enthusiastic support of King Charles II's acceptance, by the secret treaty of Dover, of a subsidy from the French King Louis XIV, which enabled him to defy his own Parliament. A fair fraction of intellectuals give a qualified support to the present (June, 1940) coalition government. I do not know of any fascists who can be called intellectuals, though some Catholic writers are fascist in their outlook, and may be members of fascist organizations.

It is usual, we are told, for rats to leave a sinking ship. A number of our left writers (I must not accuse them of rodent affinities) have leaped onto the sinking ship of British capitalism. These include John Strachey, with his "Program for Progress," which might possibly be justifiable in an epoch of profound peace and stability, but is singularly inappropriate to a revolutionary situation such as appears to be approaching. Again, Bertrand Russell and C. E. M. Joad, who used to be pacifists, are in favor

of this war, in which they themselves are too old to participate except, in Mr. Joad's case, as a target for bombs.

The number of people who have changed their opinions can be greatly exaggerated. The New Statesman serves as a "mourner's bench" for these converts. However, since its editor is in the habit of deleting from the letters to his journal any passages which do not suit him, readers may at times be misled, to put it mildly.

The bulk of intellectuals, so far as I can judge, adopt a negative attitude. They are aware of the past record of the Chamberlain government. They see that the inclusion of some Labor Party men and women has made no serious difference in its policy, but has made possible certain attacks on hours of labor. Their attitude is that of a great biologist (name suppressed for fear of victimization) who said to me, "The British ruling class think they will win the war for the following reasons: right always prevails, and we are always in the right. Neither premise of this syllogism is true." In fact some of these intellectuals expect a Nazi victory. Some are cynical about it, others are justifiably afraid of the consequences. But they do nothing definite, because at the present time the only opposition party is the Communist Party, and to join it is a very big and not very safe step. It is not even too good for one's career to be seen reading the Daily Worker. The prevalent cynical attitude is very reminiscent of that of Russian intellectuals between 1906 and 1914, as portrayed by such writers as Arizbashev.

There is a fairly small but compact group of pacifists. A large fraction are pacifists on religious grounds. Some of them are thoroughly genuine people whose attitude one can respect if one does not share it. A handful thought they were Marxists till the test came. Others had very close contact with Nazi organizations before the war, and many still have it. The government has short-circuited their activities fairly efficiently by allowing conscientious objectors to escape military service. The pacifists seem to have concentrated on creating conscientious objectors and securing their exemption. They have not tried to start a mass movement, and have withdrawn literature to which the government objected. No leading pacifists have yet been imprisoned, as Russell was in the last war. In fact the pacifists have gone some way to justify the popular belief that they are primarily interested in their own skins.

The Pacifists Considered

Marxism is very strong among the younger intellectuals, particularly in the scientific, medical, musical and artistic professions. Of the Marxists a considerable fraction are Communist Party members, and others, including myself, cooperate actively with the Party. An example of the scientific group's activities is the several courses of lectures delivered at Marx House on scientific topics. For instance I lectured on human physiology. The science faculty of Marx House also held two two-day conferences during the last year. One was primarily occupied with the application of Marxism to research problems, the other to the economic and social problems which the war has raised for scientists. At one of these there were about one hundred scientific workers, at the other about sixty. The faculty of history held a smaller conference—which I, for one, found very interesting—on the English revolution of the seventeenth century. So Marx House is really beginning to get for the nucleus of a Marxist University. Unfortunately our efforts have been hampered, though by no means checked, by the war.

It is very interesting to find that a number of scientific workers who do not accept Marxist economics and politics are using dialectical materialism in their work. I think particularly of Darlington's "The Evolution of Genetic Systems." Things have gone so far that at a recent discussion meeting of the General Society at least three speakers quoted Lenin or Engels in order to explain their own positions on biological problems. Of course it may be said that one might be better occupied than in making Marxism respectable in academic circles. I do not agree.

Intellectuals must have some acquaintance with Marxist theory before they can be expected to adopt Marxist practice, and we are likely to need some Marxist practice in the near future.

On the musical front we have such men as Alan Bush and John Goss for whom music, and particularly choral singing, is not only an art but a weapon in the class struggle.



J. B. S. HALDANE

gle, as it was for Mozart and Beethoven, not to mention others. In literature, the only major figure who is actively identified with the workers' cause is Sean O'Casey, one of my colleagues on the editorial board of the Daily Worker. Again, he is not, to the best of my knowledge, a Communist Party member, and indeed the Communists in his latest play, "The Star Turns Red," might be anarchists or syndicalists.

Opinion Among War Workers

The most remarkable changes of political opinion at the moment are taking place, not among intellectuals but among intelligent men and women of many different types who are doing, or trying to do, war work of one type or another, whether in the fighting forces, in civil defense, in production, or in administration. They find their work hampered by what they describe as bureaucracy, stupidity, greed or treachery. They are beginning to see that there is something badly wrong with the existing order. A number of them go further and realize that there is something right in the Communist criticism of it. It is among

them that Communist propaganda is most useful and effective when properly carried out; but the volume of this propaganda is small. They are waiting for a lead. And at present many of them are trying with something like technocracy, which can lead very rapidly to fascism. It will be necessary to convince them, by arguments on the lines of Engels' "Socialism, Utopian and Scientific," that socialism can be established only by the workers, though of course it will need trained technicians.

To sum up: opinion is more fluid today than at any time in the past. There is a hard core of Marxist opinion which has been strengthened by the substantial verification of Marxist theory by current events. But the majority of intellectuals are bewildered at the collapse of the world in which they lived and the theories in which they believed. Perhaps this does not very much matter. The opinions of intellectuals take a long time to percolate through to the workers, and it is primarily the workers, not the intellectuals, whose action or inaction will determine the future of Britain.

(Courtesy "New Masses")

Old Joe Graves

By JOHN R. WILSON

Old Joe Graves was a timid chap
Who sold dull books in an ill-lit shop;
He had his thinning bank account, his failing store,
A friend—or maybe two, and nothing more.
As the years wore on, joyless and slow,
The books gathered dust, and so did Joe.

Now, Joe was as meek as a breath of Spring air;
Deep was his faith in patience and prayer.
He said, "If only we'll hope and steadfastly wait,
The world will improve; there'll be no more hate.
So let's not struggle, nor strive, nor fight;
But bide our time and look for the light."

But light fell only on one-sixth of the earth;
Elsewhere there was darkness, hunger, and hurt;
The rich grew richer; the poor became slaves,
Men lived in terror from cradle to grave.
And some cried out, "Let's act! It's not too late."
But Joe dusted his books and said, "Let's wait."

But as time passed, affairs grew worse for Joe.
He sold fewer books; his bank account ran low,
Gave out, one day. A numbness filled his brain;
Then doubt; then fear. But he pushed back the pain
And cried, "I mustn't lose faith! I've got to pray
And wait. For, surely something will come my way."

But nothing came except hunger and the cold;
His clothes were pawned, his books were sold,
His hope gave way to a sickening despair.
One night he swept the empty store with care,
Then, he took from a broken shelf
A piece of rope, and hung himself.

His only mourner was a fellow named Ed,
Who spoke the truth and was called a Red.
"Poor Joe," he thought. "He died because he would
not fight,

He would not join the masses, who, in plight,
Have linked their hands to struggle for peace and life,
Who've lost their faith in prayer, but gained a faith
in strife.

For, this they know: The meek shall inherit the earth—
When they are in it,
But the militant shall wage a fight for life's full worth—
And they shall win it!"

Art Notes

Original paintings and drawings recently created by Lewis Daniel, noted American artist, to illustrate Walt Whitman's "Leaves of Grass" will be placed on exhibition Tuesday, Sept. 3rd, in the Associated American Artists Galleries, 711 Fifth Avenue. They will remain on public view through Saturday, Sept. 14th. The exhibition includes thirty

Portrait of U. S. Labor In Mother Bloor's Book

The announcement by International Publishers that "Mother" Ella Reeve Bloor's long-awaited autobiography, *We Are Many*, price \$2.00, will be released late in September, will be greeted with joy by thousands of workers and other progressives who have actively participated in the struggles of the American working-

yards for Upton Sinclair when he wrote "The Jungle".

In this book are many vivid narratives of strike struggles from Pullman to the Ludlow Massacre to Passaic and Gastonia; of participation in political parties from the old Socialist Labor and Socialist movements and the IWW to the Communist Party, including barnstorming for Foster and Browder in Presidential campaigns; of suffering work in behalf of political prisoners, especially in the period during and after the World War, when the Palmer raids terrorized the labor movement; of experiences with rank-and-file people in every section of the land and during every crucial phase in the modern history of the American working class.

Together with other well-known autobiographies of famous American labor leaders, such as from Bryan to Stalin and Pages from a Worker's Life, by William Z. Foster, Bill Haywood's Book, and Let Me Live, by Angelo Herndon, Mother Bloor's new autobiography, *We Are Many*, will unquestionably find a special place in the affections of her countless friends and admirers. It will be a permanent contribution to the history of the development of the American working class movement.

Tracing her ancestors back to the Revolutionary and Civil Wars, Ella Reeve Bloor goes on to describe her childhood days, including her impressions of a neighbor, Walt Whitman. Among other personalities she knew well and of whom she writes revealingly are Henry Ward Beecher, Horace Traubel, Keir Hardie, Tom Mann, Daniel DeLeon, Victor Berger, Eugene Debs, Charles Rosenberg, Bill Haywood, as well as leaders of the suffrage movement with which she was closely associated.

One of the most striking sections of the book is her account of the important role she played as investigator in the Chicago stock-

George Seldes, foreign correspondent and vice-president of the League of American Writers, discusses "The Real Fifth Column" over WABC at 10:15 tonight. . . . New York City Symphony Orchestra heard over WNYC at 8:30 tonight.

SHORTWAVE BAND

Radio Center, Moscow, 4:00 PM. Italian, 7:44 AM. 7:00 PM. Spanish, 7:54, 10:04 AM. 4:00 PM. English, 9:50, 12:50, 10:04 AM.

Voice of China, Chungking, 9:30 PM, 13:30 PM.

BROADCAST BAND DAILY PROGRAMS

MORNING

12:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

1:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

2:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

3:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

4:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

5:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

6:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

7:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

8:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

9:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

10:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

11:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

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3:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

4:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

5:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

6:30-WNYC-UP News WABC-News

Film Notes

National release date for Warner Bros. "No Time for Comedy," starring Rosalind Russell and James Stewart, was announced today for September 14. The film version of the S. N. Behrman comedy, directed by William Keighley, and featuring such players as Charles Ruggles, Genevieve Tobin and Alan Joslyn, will follow "The Sea Hawk" into the Strand Theatre.

Director William Wyler, who has just completed Bette Davis's new starring picture, "The Letter," for Warner Bros. is in New York conferring with Lillian Hellman, author of Wyler's next film, "The Little Foxes."

MOTION PICTURES

Library, DOROTHY THOMPSON presents "Baker's Wife" English Title by NORM CRASSETT. WORLD-4965, 2, 7, 7:30, 10:30

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WORKERS BOOKSHOP 50 East 13th Street, N.Y.C.

Algonquin 4-9353. Open 9:30 to 9:00

On The Score Board

Why 3 Young Stars Aren't Bought

By Lester Rodney

Yesterday we wrote of the smashing of American sports life, along with all of our democratic pursuits, that would follow the passage of the Burke-Wadsworth bill—which is NOT YET PASSED AND CAN STILL BE LICKED IN THE HOUSE. In today's "Sporting News," official weekly baseball publication, comes a little confirmation. Right from the horse you might say, for "Sporting News" is on the inside of all baseball goings on.

Its Seattle correspondent writes that fans have been wondering why Pacific Coast League teams' three promising stars, George Archie, Edo Vanni and Les Webber, haven't been sold to a big league team yet. The majors are in the market for minor league stars, the players measure up fully, yet no offer has been received. Here's what a baseball scout told the Sporting News correspondent:

"With the shadow of military conscription hovering overhead, it's not logical for a big league outfit to plunk down \$25,000 for an untried player in his twenties. They might lose him for a year's training, and what assurance could they have that their investment would be a valuable one when he returned as when he left? What this scout, speaking according to Sporting News for 'many others,' left unsaid, of course was 'What assurance could they have that their investment wouldn't return from Chile or Mexico or Europe minus an arm, a leg or an eye?'"

The scout went on to draw a picture of how the big leagues might have to work next year under the draft—all this just on the 21-31 year old idea, mind you—and you know how scared that "limit" would remain once the original bill were ever bludgeoned through. He says, "To meet the situation, the majors would probably purchase winning minor leaguers in their 30s, who are less liable to be called early."

"Sporting News" presents the problem from the viewpoint of the managers and their difficulties in keeping the game going and the box office clicking. That the ball players also think about the shattering of their lives' careers and the prospects of war from a slightly more personal angle was brought out in the beginning of the poll of players which was hastily dropped when the boys almost unanimously asked "What for?" When Ducky Medwick replied, "Who are we going to fight?" and Dixie Walker asked what was going to happen to his kid brother's chance to make good, and Pete Coscarart replied tersely, "I don't like the setup." It was 9-1, so they dropped it.

Athletes are not cowards. That they have no feeling for this robber war and are against the drive to get us in via conscription speaks simply for the fact that they come from out of the ranks of the ordinary people, are in fact what the cross-sectionists are fond of referring to as the ordinary "baseball Americans." In the real defense of their country you could rest assured that the American sports world would do its share—along with the rest of the "baseball Americans" who make up 90 per cent of our 130,000,000 people.

Some Money Today

Today's receipts for the Daily Worker Fund Drive credited to this column:

R. F.	\$2.00
A. S.	1.00
Joe50
Previously rec'd	\$12.75
TOTAL	\$16.25

R. F. says, "I hereby hold you to your word. You said that for another \$200 you'd make the Dodgers beat the Yanks in the World Series. You're on the spot, my boy."

Well, it came a little late, but I did my best, contacted the boys in Cincinnati and they promptly turned around and beat the Reds yesterday. I'm going to do my damndest (and if R. F. wants a refund after the Yankees beat the Reds in another World Series, well, there always next year. Now for ANOTHER two bucks. . .)

A. S. was shocked by our receipt of .00 the other day and said, "I've given plenty this far, but as a start I hope, here's a buck. Need I add that I think your column is the best sports writing in 30 or 40 states and beats anything I read in the capitalist rags." (Ed. Note—You needn't add it, but it surely is a welcome addition). "I'm carrying on a terrific battle with John Kieran of the 'Times' and his bailing of the 'Soviet' Cleveland team. So your column today on the subject is a pip."

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Saturday: FROM SPIRITUALS TO SWING featuring Frankie Newton and his band, Hilda Hoppe and the Camp Unity Dramatic Staff.
Sunday: NEXT NUMBER OF THE SEARCH, productions by Aaron's and Stratton of "Ol' Paint," "General and the Goats," "I'm Just a Capitalistic Boss," and "Picket Line Frisella." "Whitman Cantata".
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SPORTS

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1940

85,000 Cheer Spectacular Grid Opening in Chicago

Packers Magnificent in 45-28 Win—Schindler, Kenny Star

CHICAGO, Aug. 30. — The 11d came off the football season in spectacular fashion at Soldier Field last night as 84,567 fans cheered the Green Bay Packers and favored college All-Stars for their remarkable play as the pro champs won 45-28.

It was late season, offensive football at its best, with the amazing Don Hutson, greatest pass receiver in history, snarling three touchdown heaves in his unstoppable machine to lead the mighty Packer machine to its victory. Cecil Isbell and Arnie Herber were heaving them for the champs in old time style.

The collegians, handicapped by an understandable lack of offensive cohesion, still made a brilliant fight of it as individual All American stars of '39 put on a great show. Amby Schindler of USC, Kenny Washington of UCLA and Nile Kinnick of Iowa got the cheers of the huge crowd for their great backfield play. Schindler went over twice, Washington once and Banks McFadden of Clemson (South Carolina) once. Washington, great Negro star, scored one touchdown with an unstoppable march and running and passing with Schindler, led the Stars to another. He received a specially warm ovation from the crowd, conscious of the un-sportsmanlike Jim Crow ban that keeps him from getting into the pro league despite the wishes of the fans and the players who voted him on the team from all over the land who played side by side with him last night.

Do you like this sports page? How about showing your appreciation by marking your Fund Drive contributions "For Sports Page."

ALFRED GOLDSTEIN ANALYZES NEWS OF THE WEEK Sun., Sept. 1st, 8:30 P. M.

WORKERS SCHOOL 50 E. 13th St. 2nd Floor Admission 25 Cents

TONIGHT at 8:30 SKY DANCE (RAIN OR SHINE) Heckscher Roof Garden 5th Avenue & 14th Street Music by well-known Union Orchestra 50c—With this ad. 45c

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★ Sunday—SWING AMERICA! Show directed by Perry Brunkin. Nettie Harny in "Curtain the Stoolpigeon's Daughter." Carl Abrams as the Rich Boy in A. A. Marie Marchowsky and partner.

Dance to MURRAY LANE and His Orchestra Hotel-Bungalow Accommodations.

RATES: \$17 per week - \$3.25 per day CAMP LEAVE from 2700 Bronx Park East (Allerton Avenue Station) Monday to Thursday inclusive 10:30 A.M. and 6 P.M. Friday and Saturday 10 A.M. 2:30 & 7 P.M. Sunday 10:30 A.M. Transportation phone: OL 8-8829.

For a Joyous Labor Day Week-End You Can't Beat Camp Lakeland

Hopewell Junction New York TOPS in Swimming and Boating TOPS in Entertainment

Gala Week-End Program: Saturday—CAMP FIRE program featuring the infectious comedian IRVING COBBY.

Sunday—LOTTIE GOSLER, famous character dancer. A new cantata produced by the Lakeland Chorus, directed by Mandy Shain.

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Little Lefty

YOU TWO ARE IN CHARGE OF MARMADUKE WHILE HE'S IN TRAINING FOR HIS BIG FIGHT WITH "APE" McSLUGG! DO YOU KNOW WHAT'S MAKING MARMY SO NERVOUS?!

GEE WHISKERS! HE HAS SEEMED JITTERY LATELY.

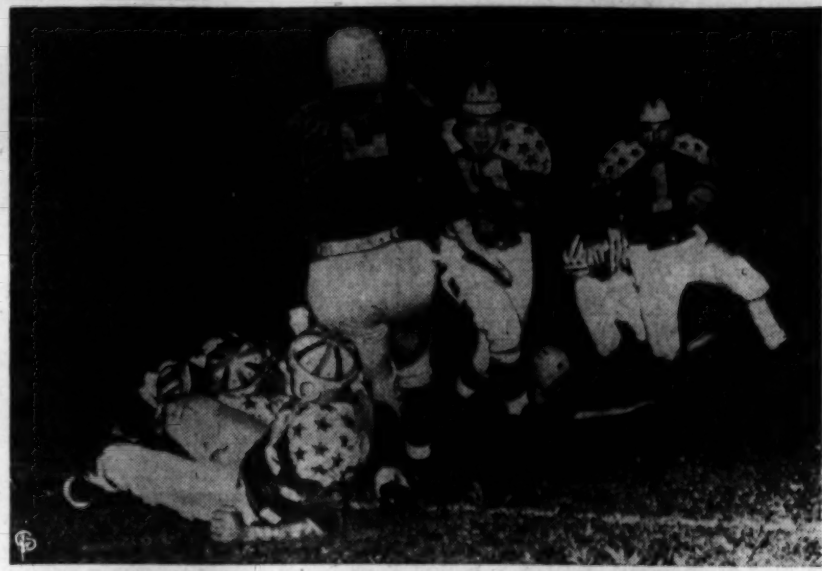
WELL—I KNOW THE REASON WHY!! IT'S YOUR FAULT!

WHAT'S THE IDEA OF LEAVING THESE THINGS AROUND—

—AND FRIGHTENING OUR MONSTER OUT OF HIS WITS?!

by del

Look Out Baseball-- It's Coming!



NILE KINNICK, number 1, is tearing off a hunk of yardage for the All-Stars in that wild 36-28 game at Chicago. Nile, Kenny Washington and Amby Schindler showed the pros plenty before bowing.

MAJOR LEAGUE LEADERS

Player & Club	G	A	R	H	Pct.
Rewell, Reds	101	263	39	120	.320
Walker, Dodgers	111	252	36	136	.321
F. McCormick, Reds	121	481	77	153	.318
Mize, Cardinals	139	447	90	147	.318
Danning, Giants	114	451	58	138	.318

Player & Club	G	A	R	H	Pct.
Radloff, Browns	122	472	67	165	.336
Williams, Red Sox	115	445	111	132	.344
Appling, White Sox	117	441	79	151	.343
DiMaggio, Yankees	101	281	25	123	.340
McCooky, Tigers	117	480	100	165	.338

Player & Club	G	A	R	H	Pct.
Mize, Cards	139	447	90	147	.318
Greenberg, Tigers	38	100	10	30	.300
Fox, Red Sox	31	77	8	21	.273
DiMaggio, Yankees	31	77	8	21	.273

Player & Club	G	A	R	H	Pct.
Greenberg, Tigers	111	311	31	100	.322
DiMaggio, Yankees	101	281	25	123	.340
Fox, Red Sox	31	77	8	21	.273

Player & Club	G	A	R	H	Pct.
Cramer, Red Sox	107	317	31	100	.315
Radloff, Browns	122	472	67	165	.336
McCooky, Tigers	117	480	100	165	.338

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TUAA, CONN. CIO UNITE ON SPORTS

The Connecticut State CIO Council celebrated the conclusion of its first seasonal sports program with an outing and Field Day held at McJury Park in East Haven, last week.

The program included a softball elimination tournament, dancing, a musical, refreshments and concluded with a series of speeches by officials of the CIO. Allan Haywood, National Director of Organization of the CIO, the principal speaker, discussed the organization drive against Ford and Aircraft. Joseph Harrison, Executive Secretary of the Trade Union Athletic Ass'n of New York, outlined the activities of the New York Labor sports group and suggested the cementing of relations between the two groups. Mr. Harrison who previously during the day had suggested a softball game between an all-Negro team and an all-white team, mentioned the work of the TUAA for the "closer cooperation between Negro and white workers in all fields to further the drive for organization and peace."

The New York Secretary's remarks were met with a spontaneous demonstration by far the loudest and the longest awarded to any speaker.

At the conclusion of his talk, Mr. Harrison suggested future conferences between the Connecticut

Cubs to Bring Up Dave's 2 Raves from L.A. Angeles

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